City of Missouri City, Texas



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

City of Missouri City, Texas comprehensive annual financial report Year Ended June 30, 2004

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October 22, 2004

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Missouri City, Texas

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Missouri City, Texas for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. This report is published to provide the City Council, City staff, our Citizens, our bondholders and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosure rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its government-wide financial statements and its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

THE REPORT

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, a list of principal officials and a copy of the 2003 Certificate of Achievement Award. The financial section includes a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, other required supplemental information and combining and individual fund statements and schedules. The financial section also includes our independent auditors' report on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as well as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules.

The City's financial statements are presented again this year using the new comprehensive financial reporting model. The new financial reporting model is required under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) primarily under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*. Supplementing the new provisions of GASB 34 are additional GASB statements and related pronouncements that clarify and modify the provisions of GASB 34 and add new financial accounting and disclosure requirements.

The MD&A is a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Missouri City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of our independent auditors. The statistical section includes financial and demographic information presented on a multi-year basis that is relevant to a financial statement reader.

This new financial reporting model represents the most significant change in financial reporting for local governments in history. The model includes new financial information never before shown and restructures much of the information that the City has presented in the past. These new requirements are designed to make our annual report more comprehensive and easier to understand and use. The new financial reporting model gives us a new and more comprehensive way to demonstrate our stewardship in the long term in addition to the way we have demonstrated our stewardship in the short term and through the budgetary process in the past.

In addition to the MD&A described above, this annual report includes new government-wide financial statements, prepared using accrual accounting for all of our financial activities.

These new government-wide financial statements will help users:

- Assess the finances of the government in its entirety, including the year's operating results
- Determine whether the government's overall financial position improved or deteriorated
- Evaluate whether the government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services
- See the cost of providing services to its citizenry
- See how the government finances its programs—through user fees and other program revenues versus general tax revenues
- Understand the extent to which the government has invested in capital assets, including streets, bridges, and other infrastructure assets
- Make better comparisons between governments.

One of the most sweeping changes resulting from the new reporting model is a requirement to capitalize and depreciate all of our infrastructure, including streets, drainage facilities, bridges, and any other significant infrastructure assets. The City has been able to include all infrastructures, except streets, in this financial report. Under allowed phase in provisions of GASB 34, the City anticipates including streets in next year's annual report. Also under the provisions of GASB 34, the City intends to use an alternative method to depreciation for capitalization of streets called the modified approach. This modified approach alternative to depreciation requires that the City:

- Have an up-to-date inventory of streets or street segments.
- Perform condition assessments of streets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual expenditures to maintain and preserve streets at the condition level established and disclosed by the City.
- Document that streets are being preserved approximately at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed by the City.

The City Council has adopted policies related to the required condition levels for this purpose. As part of documenting that streets are being preserved approximately at (or above) established condition levels, the City must document that:

- Complete condition assessments of streets are performed in a consistent manner at least every three years.
- The results of the three most recent complete condition assessments provide reasonable assurance that streets are being preserved approximately at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed by the City.

CITY PROFILE

Form of Government

The City of Missouri City, incorporated in 1956 and, operating under the "Home Rule Charter" adopted in 1974, has a Council-Manager form of government with six Council members and a Mayor serving staggered two-year terms. The City Council enacts local laws, determines policies and adopts the annual budget. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible for the daily management of the City. The City council appoints many residents who volunteer their expertise and time to serve on various boards and commissions. The boards and commissions that meet on a regular basis are Planning and Zoning, Parks, Adjustment, Electrical, Sign, and Economic Development.

In addition, three of the seven City council members, City Manager and various Department Directors, meet with various sub committees throughout the year consisting of Architectural, Audit, Banking and Investments, Budget, Insurance, Cable TV, City Beautification, Community Development Block Grant, Citizens' Advisory group, Community Relations, Comprehensive Plan, Developer Relations, Drainage and Public Safety relations.

Location

Missouri City is located approximately 20 miles southwest of downtown Houston, in northeast Fort Bend County. A small portion of the City extends into the southwestern section of Harris County, where its boundaries adjoin the City of Houston. Approximately 10% of the City's population resides in Harris County. The northern portion of Missouri City is traversed by U.S. Highway 90, which intersects U.S. Highway 59 (Southwest Freeway), within three miles of the City. State Highway 6, one of the principal "outer loops" partially encircling the City of Houston, serves the southern portion of the city. The Sam Houston Tollway (Beltway 8), an 83-mile freeway providing a second freeway loop around the City of Houston, extends through the northeast portion of Missouri City. The highway ties U.S. Highway 90 to the Southwest Freeway, Interstate 10 and State Highway 288. On the east side of Missouri City, the newly constructed Fort Bend Tollway connects Beltway 8 to State Highway 6.

The City of Houston borders the City's northeastern boundaries with Stafford and Sugar Land bordering the western and southwestern areas of our City. Many of our citizens work in Houston's Medical Center and downtown areas, in addition to the Sugar Land area, with only a 20-35 minute drive time to work. A number of toll roads and highway expansions including Highway 90A and Texas State Highway 6 may shorten this time further.

The Reporting Entity and it Services

The basic financial statements of the City include police, fire, street maintenance, repairs, traffic control, parks, recreation, planning and inspection, drainage and general administrative services.

In March 1996, the City contracted with First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 9 (MUD 9) and Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 42 (MUD 42) to construct the City's first Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant. The construction and operation of the plant are shown in the City's financial statements.

In June 2000, the Missouri City Council approved the creation of a Development Authority for the City that is responsible for management of all Public Improvement Districts (PIDs) and Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones (TIRZs) created by the City. One zone was formed to develop a problem area that had long been noted for substandard housing, and a lack of public infrastructure. Another zone was formed so that drainage problems could be handled on a regional basis.

Solid waste collection and disposal are provided to citizens independently through homeowners associations in each subdivision. Effective February 2002, Missouri City began contracting solid waste collection services in newly developed residential areas, where there are no existing homeowners associations and collection contracts. Plans are to work with homeowners associations to begin bringing in contracts as they renew and the association determines the City rates and/or quality of service are better. The City contracts with Browning Ferris Industries (BFI), who currently provides solid waste services to 85% of Missouri City.

Excluded from the reporting entity of the City are various special districts established under state law and operating under related regulations for the purpose of providing residential and commercial water, sewer, storm, drainage, and flood control services.

Effective October 2001, the City started providing maintenance and installing traffic signals along state highways as mandated by the State Highway Department, as our population exceeded 50,000 per the 2000 census.

The City requires developers to construct streets, drainage, utilities, etc. according to city specifications. Street light installation is paid by the homeowners associations for three years or until the subdivision is 80% complete. After that time, the City is responsible for the electricity.

In accordance with the implementation of the Texas Property Tax Code, the Fort Bend County Central Appraisal District provides appraisals of property located within the City.

Mission Statement and Organizational Goals

The City's mission statement is "To provide the Citizens of Missouri City with quality service and efficient use of resources".

The City's overall goal statement is shown below:

A city that has grown to maturity and continues to be a desirable place:

- **to live**, because of the existence of a wide range of housing types located in safe, well-kept neighborhoods which receive a full range of services and supporting infrastructure;
- **to work**, because of the existence of office and light manufacturing, industry, and business offering a variety of job opportunities;
- > to play, because of the existence of a wide range of leisure time activities, both public and private; and
- **to shop**, because of the existence of adequate and attractive retail areas.

The City Council and the City Staff shall:

- 1. Perform with concern for the health, safety and well-being of our citizens and always consider how our actions affect citizens.
- 2. Reflect a positive image.
- 3. Establish good/sound financial planning.
- 4. Strive to develop Missouri City within parameters of the Comprehensive Plan.
- 5. Work towards the equitable distribution of City resources.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS AND BUDGETING CONTROL

Accounting Systems

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues recorded when available and measurable and expenditures recorded when the services and goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's proprietary activities are maintained on the accrual basis.

Consideration of adequate internal accounting controls has been made in designing the City's accounting system. Internal accounting controls, instituted by the Finance Department as part of the accounting system, are designed to provide reasonable assurances that assets are properly safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, that financial records used in preparation of the financial statements are reliable, and that accountability for the City's assets is maintained. The concept of reasonable assurance in relation to internal controls recognizes that the cost of a control process should not exceed the benefits derived from the performance of related procedures and that the City's management must make estimates and judgments in evaluating the cost and benefit relationships relating to internal control processes and procedures that become a part of the City's accounting system.

Budgetary Compliance

Because budgetary compliance is significant in managing governmental activities, budgetary compliance controls are critical. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal spending limits in annual or project appropriated budgets approved by City Council. The City Charter provides that the City Council shall adopt annual or project budgets every fiscal year for all City funds. The budgets are prepared and maintained by the city management.

The budgetary process is initiated by a goal setting meeting and budget planning session with City Council. The City Council reviews the five-year general operating revenue and expenditure projections and determines the City's goals and priorities for the year. Following this meeting, budget revenue estimates are made by the Finance Director in March of each year and are amended in early May. The estimates are evaluated by the City Manager before inclusion in the total budget. Basic budget requests are developed at the department level and submitted to the Finance Department for analysis and compilation. The basic budget is considered to be the minimum budget that is necessary for the continuation of current municipal service levels during the next fiscal year. Supplemental requests for proposed changes from the basic budget, except for certain capital items, are then submitted by the Department Heads to the City Manager.

Finally, the five-year capital requests are submitted. After the City Manager's review and approval, the proposed budget is compiled by the Finance Department and submitted to the City Council Budget Committee, comprised of three City Council members, City Manager and Finance Director, for consideration, review and changes for final approval by the entire City Council

Budgetary Controls

During the year, expenditure controls are maintained by each department with review of the budget provided by the Finance Director and overall control exercised by the City Manager. Constant review of revenue and expenditure estimates is performed to assure the integrity of the adopted budget and to assure funds are available to meet current obligations. As a result of this review, it is possible to exercise administrative budgetary controls throughout the year. As demonstrated by the financial statements presented in this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Multi-year Budgeting

Beginning with the 2003 fiscal budget year, the City began preparing two-year budgets. The Governmental Accounting/Management Industry Guide suggests three specific styles of biennial budgeting. The most rigorous biennial process determines and approves two years of appropriations.

The budget is only reopened in case of a significant change in revenues or expenditures. The second option is a two-year budget with a one-year appropriation and a de facto second year appropriation, which is reviewed and approved annually to comply with state laws.

The third type and the one chosen by Missouri City, is a one-year budget with a "rolling" second year. The budget numbers are used during the next year's budget process as a guide to the next year's budget.

In a rapidly growing city such as ours, perhaps the greatest benefit of a two-year budget is to determine how the decision of one year affects the next year's budget. For example, failure to increase the tax rate as planned, may greatly affect upcoming years. The addition of personnel or lack of hiring personnel when needed may greatly affect future years' budgets.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

There are a number of initiatives currently underway, which will transform our city and improve the quality of life for Missouri City citizens.

Recently Approved Bonds

Six (6) propositions proposed to construct, improve, renovate, repair and equip streets and drainage systems, parks and recreation facilities, police and fire protection facilities and city hall and criminal court buildings were part a bond election approved by voters on September 13, 2003. The six (6) propositions totaling \$75 million in new bond issuances allow expansion and improvements to serve the increasing needs of the residents as the City projects a population of 90,000 in the next 10 years.

The voter approval of these bonds is directly attributable to the citizen participation approach used, the citizen involvement in the supporting the bonds, the Council's 100% support for the new bonds and the City's staff providing technical input during the formulation of the bond proposal and related public presentations. The turnout for the election was very high with over 20% or 6,000 citizens' casting votes. This was almost 4 times as many voters as in the City's last bond election in 1995.

The next step required in order to implement the \$75 million bond issuance is to establish priorities for the projects and develop a 10-year capital improvement program. Possible criteria for establishing priorities include life safety issues, public safety projects, projects being driven by outside agencies such as Texas Department of Transportation (TXDOT) and land acquisition.

The first bond sale occurred on May 3, 2004 and included a portion of the remaining 1995 bonds and a portion of the newly voted bonds. Depending on the economy, the availability of outside funds, and the amount of growth in the city, there may be a bond sale each year thereafter through fiscal 2013.

According to the Greater Fort Bend County Economic Development Council's Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2003, Fort Bend County ranked second in projected growth for U.S. counties with more than 250,000 in population for 2003-2025. The population of Fort Bend County is currently estimated at over 412,000 persons. With an increase in local and regional business activity, the unemployment fell in Fort Bend County to 5.8% from 6.9% recorded in the previous year. In 1990, 41% of the City's labor force lived and worked in Fort Bend County; today, Fort Bend County supports 58% of our work force.

Target Industry Analysis

The Fort Bend Economic Development Council selected the firm of Angelou Economics of Austin, Texas as our current economist to help the county as a whole to perform a target industry analysis. The firm was retained to perform a strength, weakness and opportunity analysis to develop target industries. Missouri City and Sugar Land participated in the study.

The strategic planning efforts focused on attracting six target industry sectors: energy related services, bio-medical, health, specialty electronics, professional and business services, corporate headquarters as well as regional and local retail. Missouri City and certain developers have also contracted with Angelou Economics for two specific site assessments to prepare the City for its future growth along Beltway 8 and the Fort Bend Parkway Toll Road.

Other hot spots include the Fort Bend Parkway and the Sienna Parkway for a total of 1,200 acres. Houston Community College has selected a location along Sienna Parkway for a future campus.

Construction of the new Fort Bend County Parkway Toll Road through Missouri City began in June 2003 and opened in August 2004.

The Harris County Toll Road Authority is moving quickly on the north extension of the Toll Road which will connect to U.S. 90 at Chimney Rock Road, which is another significant interconnect through the greater Houston area.

The Liberation Project, a non-profit community development corporation partnered with developers to develop a 24-acre planned development area in the City. Glen Park is a result of the partnership between Missouri City, Southwest Bank of Texas, Sugar Land Properties, the Liberation Project, Fannie Mae and the Greater Fort Bend Economic Development Council.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

An annual audit of all accounts of the City was made by Sandersen Knox & Belt, L.L.P., a certified public accounting firm selected by the City Council. Therefore, the City has complied with City Charter requirements for an independent annual financial and compliance audit. The auditors' opinion has been presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The City's audit has been conducted in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and found that the City's 2004 financial statements were prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City's Audit Committee consists of three City Council members, the City Manager, Finance Director, and the Budget and Financial Reporting Manager. The Audit Committee meets jointly prior to the audit process with the independent auditors. In these meetings, the scope of the audit, timing concerns and items of special interest are discussed. The Committee meets again with the auditors in a formal exit conference to discuss their findings. The financial report and recommendations are then submitted to the entire City Council.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Missouri City, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial reports must satisfy both U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Missouri City has received a Certificate of Achievement for 21 consecutive years. We believe our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for review.

In addition, the City received the GFOA's award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget document dated June 30, 2003. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department and the cooperation of all other City departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the finance department staff and other City department staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor, City Council and Audit Committee members,

especially the Audit Committee Chair, for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Missouri City's finances.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Missouri City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 1522 Texas Parkway, Missouri City, TX 77489, phone 281-261-4293, email address wvela@ci.mocity.tx.us.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank Simpson City Manager Wesley J. Vela, CPA Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Missouri City, Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

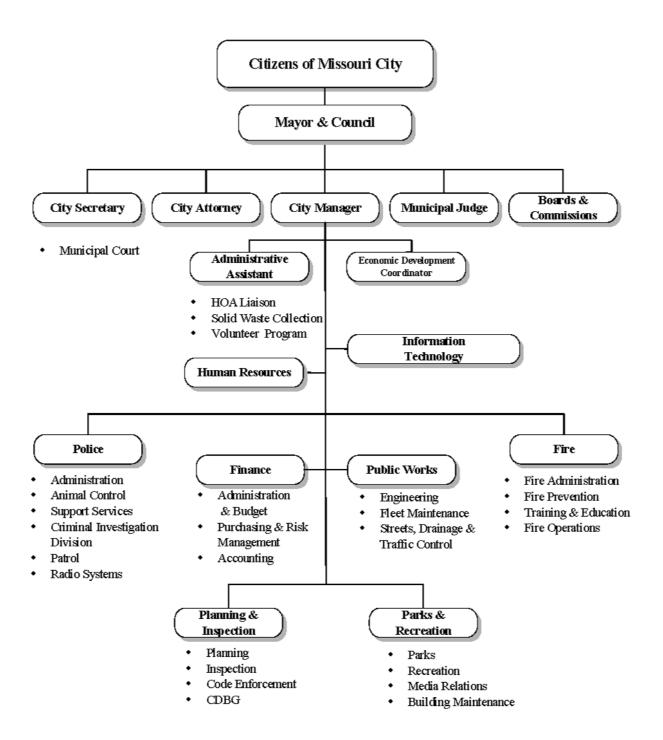
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Executive Directo

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



City of Missouri City, Texas List of Principal Officials

As of June 30, 2004



Mayor Allen Owen



Jerry Wyatt Mayor Pro Tem Council - Position 1



Don Smith Council - District B



Buddy Jimerson Council - Position 2



Robert Burton Council - District C



Eunice H. Reiter Council - District A



Brett Kolaja Council - District D

City of Missouri City, Texas

List of Principal Officials As of June 30, 2004

Elected Officials

Allen Owen Mayor

Jerry Wyatt (Position 1) Mayor Pro Tem

Buddy R. Jimerson (Position 2) Council Member

Eunice H. Reiter (District A) Council Member

Don Smith (District B)

Council Member

Robert C. Burton (District C) Council Member

Jon Brett Kolaja (District D) Council Member

Appointed Officials

Frank Simpson City Manager

Patrice Fogarty City Secretary

Mary Ann Powell City Attorney

City of Missouri City, Texas

List of Principal Officials As of June 30, 2004

Executive Managers

Wes Vela Director of Finance

Ron Echols Police Chief

Mark Ewald Fire Chief

Lee Dorger Director of Public Works

Doug Carter Director of Parks & Recreation

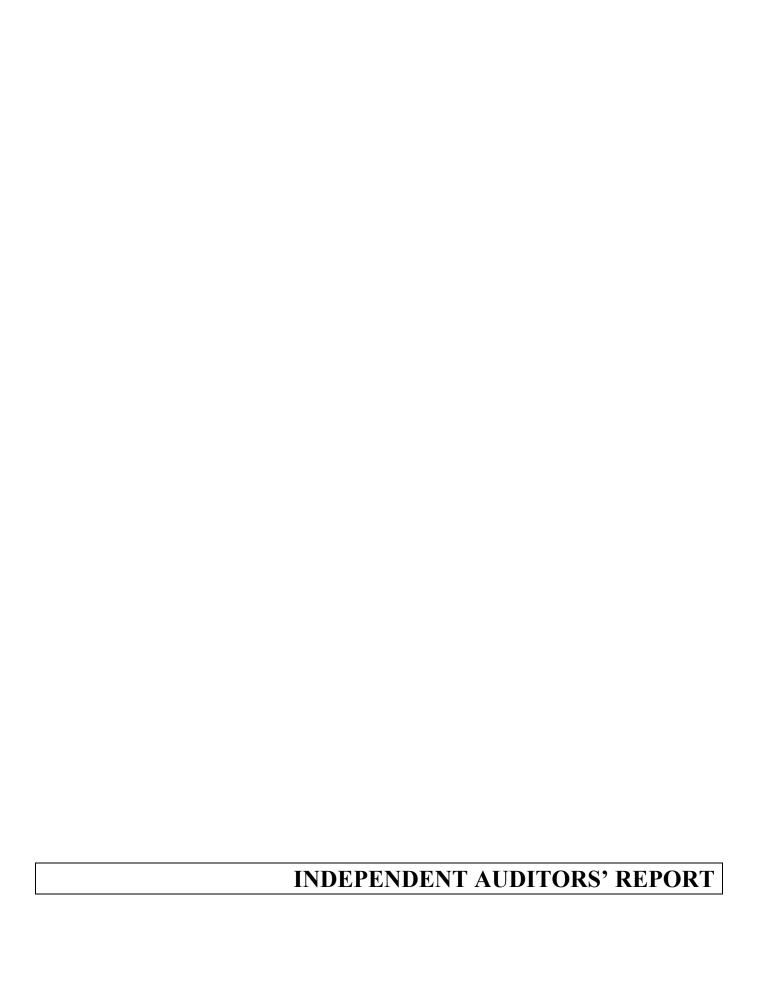
Wayne E. Neumann Director of Planning & Development

Valerie Langdon Human Resources Manager

Kendall Litchfield Information Technology Director



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13401 Southwest Freeway, Suite 101 • Sugar Land, Texas 77478 • 281/242-3232 • Fax 281/242-3252 • www.skbtexas.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Missouri City, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Missouri City, Texas, (the "City") as of June 30, 2004, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Missouri City, Texas, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 9 through 18, budgetary comparison information on page 72 and pension information on page 73 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Missouri City, Texas, as listed in the table of contents. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules within the other supplementary information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, are fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Sugar Land, Texas September 17, 2004

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION
AND ANALYSIS

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Missouri City, we offer readers of the City of Missouri City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Missouri City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-vii of this report.

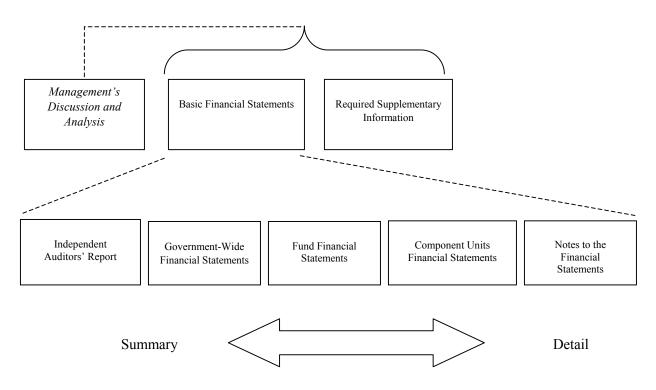
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Missouri City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38.0 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$5.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City is phasing in the recording of street infrastructure values acquired prior to July 1, 2002, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The City anticipates recording the value of all street infrastructure inventory by the end of fiscal 2005.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$3.1 million during the year.
- The City of Missouri City's total expenses were \$27.9 million. Program revenues of \$8.2 million reduced the net cost of the City's functions to be financed from the City's general revenues to \$19.7 million.
- The City of Missouri City's total debt increased by \$6.8 million during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of \$9,470,000 in two new bond offerings.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. As the following chart shows, the financial section of this report has three components - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information.

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Missouri City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which are the government-wide statements, report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether the City is better off this year as compared to last year. These statements include all assets and liabilities and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City of Missouri City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Missouri City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, finance, police, fire, public works, certain regional wastewater treatment services for local municipal utility districts (non-enterprise), parks and recreation and planning. The business-type activities of the City include regional wastewater treatment services for local municipal utility districts.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Missouri City itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City of Missouri City is financially accountable. These component units are the Missouri City Development Authority, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones 1 and 2 and Public Improvement Districts 2 and 3. All of these component units function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, almost entirely benefiting the City, and therefore have been included as an integral part ("blended") of the primary government.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the City's most significant funds. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds - not the City as a whole.

The City has three types of funds:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed

short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's major programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship/differences between them.

The City maintains 25 individual governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, the metro capital projects fund and the bond fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds is provided in the column labeled other governmental funds.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Proprietary Funds include the City's Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses two enterprise funds to account for its regional wastewater treatment services for local municipal utility districts that are currently in the development stage.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses five internal service funds to account for asset replacement and maintenance activities for the vehicle fleet, management information services and equipment and buildings. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the services accounted for in the internal service funds benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. These funds include bond deposits for the City's municipal court and tax collection activities for the Houston Community College in the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 40-69 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's General Fund budget compliance and its progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 72-73 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$38.0 million.

Statement of Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

SUMMARY OF STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS As of June 30, 2004 and 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Gover	nmental	Busine	ess-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Current and other assets	\$ 31,761	\$ 22,445	\$ 922	\$ 1,122	\$ 32,683	\$ 23,567
Capital assets, net	46,895	45,965	647	93	47,542	46,058
Total Assets	78,656	68,410	1,569	1,215	80,225	69,625
Long-term liabilities	38,577	31,819	1,215	1,215	39,792	33,034
Other liabilities	2,111	1,754	354		2,465	1,754
Total Liabilities	40,688	33,573	1,569	1,215	42,257	34,788
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of debt	25,968	28,976			25,968	28,976
Restricted	6,366	5,267			6,366	5,267
Unrestricted	5,634	594			5,634	594
Total Net Assets	\$ 37,968	\$ 34,837	\$	\$	\$ 37,968	\$ 34,837

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (68 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net assets (17 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The governmental net assets increased by \$3.1 million during the current fiscal year. Most of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have exceeded increases in ongoing expenses. Business activities have no operating activities for the current year because these activities, related to regional wastewater treatment facilities to serve local municipal utility districts, are currently in the development stage.

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net assets:

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

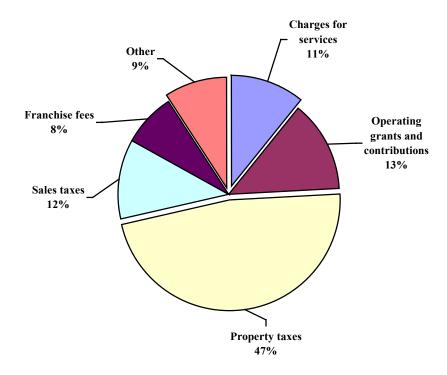
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Revenues	2004	2003	
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,651	\$ 4,067	
Operating grants and			
contributions	4,523	3,064	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	15,870	14,248	
Other taxes	3,876	3,666	
Other	3,061	3,149	
Total Revenues	30,981	28,194	
Expenses			
General government	2,480	2,648	
Finance	1,822	1,559	
Police	7,262	6,262	
Fire	4,878	4,075	
Public works	5,785	5,953	
Parks and recreation	2,289	1,915	
Planning	1,939	1,432	
Interest on long-term debt	1,395	1,514	
Total Expenses	27,850	25,358	
Change in Net Assets	3,131	2,836	
Net assets, beginning	34,837	32,001	
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 37,968	\$ 34,837	

- Property taxes increased by approximately \$1.6 million from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in the tax rate and increase in assessed value on property.
- Total governmental activities expenses increased by \$2.5 million.

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

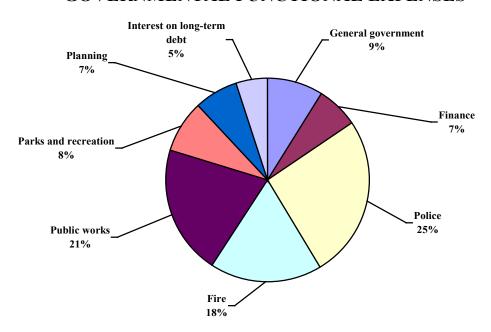


For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$31.0 million. Included in the \$31.0 million were:

- Property Taxes, \$15.9 million;
- Other Taxes, \$3.9 million;
- Charges for Services, \$3.6 million;
- Operating Grants and Contributions, \$4.5 million;
- Other (primarily investment income), \$3.1 million.

Revenues per capita were \$521.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$27.9 million. Included in the \$27.9 million were:

- General Government, \$2.5 million;
- Finance, \$1.8 million;
- Police, \$7.3 million;
- Fire, \$4.9 million;
- Public Works, \$5.8 million;
- Parks and Recreation, \$2.3 million;
- Planning, \$1.9 million;
- Interest on long-term debt was \$1.4 million.

Expenses per capita were \$469.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities present development stage activities for regional wastewater treatment services for local municipal utility districts. Certificates of obligation of \$1,215,000 were sold in the 2003 fiscal year to finance construction of the new Lower Oyster Creek and Mustang Bayou regional wastewater treatment plants. Land totaling \$463,058 and construction in progress of \$184,270 was funded by proceeds of the certificates of obligation by the end of the 2004 fiscal year for this purpose. These plants are projected to be in operation by 2005-06.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$27.0 million at the end of the fiscal year. Of this, \$22.8 million is unreserved and available for day-to-day operations of the City; \$2.0 million is reserved for debt service and \$2.2 million is reserved for encumbrances and other purposes.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$6.3 million, while the total general fund balance reached \$6.5 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, the City compares total fund balance to total fund revenues. Total fund balance represents 29.3 percent of total general fund revenues at the end of fiscal 2004.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1.8 million during the current fiscal year. This represents a significant increase from the prior year's decrease of \$370 thousand. Key factors related to this increase in financial performance are as follows:

- Revenues increased by \$1.4 million while expenditures to fund basic City services increased by \$1.2 million.
- Other financing sources (uses) increased by 2.0 million from the prior year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$2.0 million, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year in the debt service fund was \$645 thousand. Interest and fiscal charges expenditures decreased \$115 thousand.

Proprietary Funds - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Since both enterprise funds, are currently in the development stage, there is no operating activity for the current fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

No significant budget amendments were made during the 2004 fiscal year.

General fund budgetary expenditures were \$1.3 million less than the final budget appropriation. Ending general fund balance was \$2.1 million more than anticipated by the final approved budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Missouri City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2004, amounts to \$47.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. These asset totals exclude street infrastructure acquired prior to July 1, 2002. Street infrastructure will be significant in value and is expected to be recorded by the end of fiscal 2005. The City has estimated the street infrastructure will be approximately \$78 million before accumulated depreciation.

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation in thousands)

		Gover	nmen	tal		Busine	ess-typ	e				
	Activities			Activities			Total					
		2004		2003	2	2004	Ź	2003		2004		2003
Non-Depreciable Assets		,								•		
Land	\$	9,829	\$	9,764	\$	463	\$		\$	10,292	\$	9,764
Construction in progress		1,953		364		184		93		2,137		457
Other Capital Assets												
Infrastructure		15,028		14,943						15,028		14,943
Buildings		13,978		14,298						13,978		14,298
Improvements other than												
buildings		2,177		2,359						2,177		2,359
Machinery and equipment	<u> </u>	3,931		4,237						3,931		4,237
Totals	\$	46,896	\$	45,965	\$	647	\$	93	\$	47,543	\$	46,058

Construction in progress at year-end represents numerous ongoing projects, the largest of which relate to drainage improvements.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$38.9 million. Of this amount, \$29.7 million is general obligation debt and \$9.1 million comprises debt from Certificates of Obligation. The remainder of the City's governmental activities debt (\$917 thousand) relates to accrued compensated absences.

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Gover Acti	nmei vitie		 Busine Acti	ess-ty vities	•	 To	otal	
	 2004		2003	 2004		2003	 2004		2003
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,725	\$	23,330	\$	\$		\$ 29,725	\$	23,330
Certificates of Obligation	7,935		7,560	1,215		1,215	9,150		8,775
Capital Leases			20						20
Compensated Absences	 917		909				 917		909
Total	\$ 38,577	\$	31,819	\$ 1,215	\$	1,215	\$ 39,792	\$	33,034

The City's total debt increased by \$6.8 million (20.6 percent) from the prior fiscal year. During the current fiscal year, the City issued \$8.0 million in permanent improvement bonds and \$1.5 million in certificates of obligation.

All general obligation debt is scheduled to be retired by 2024.

The City has earned an "A" rating from Standard and Poor's and an "A1" rating from Moody's Investor Service. The City generally insures its debt issues to receive an "AAA" rating.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The unemployment rate for the City of Missouri City as of June 30, 2004 was 5.8%, a decrease in the 6.9% rate from the prior year. The U. S. and Texas unemployment rates for June 2004 were 5.6% and 6.5%, respectively.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Missouri City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Wesley J. Vela, Finance Director, City Hall, 1522 Texas Parkway, Missouri City, TX 77459, telephone (281) 261-4293, or, for general City information, visit the City's website at www.ci.mocity.tx.us.

	BASIC FINANCIA STATEMEN

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2004

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	 Total
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,641,993	\$	921,920	\$ 23,563,913
Investments		6,051,520			6,051,520
Receivables		1,351,798			1,351,798
Due from others		1,674,292			1,674,292
Inventories		41,258			41,258
Capital assets:					
Land		9,829,020		463,058	10,292,078
Buildings		17,087,151			17,087,151
Improvements other than buildings		3,409,471			3,409,471
Machinery and equipment		9,040,321			9,040,321
Infrastructure		19,447,234			19,447,234
Construction in progress		1,953,055		184,270	2,137,325
Less accumulated depreciation		(13,870,715)			 (13,870,715)
Total Assets		78,656,398		1,569,248	80,225,646
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		2,058,727		354,248	2,412,975
Accrued interest payable		51,916		•	51,916
Noncurrent liabilities:		-			•
Due within one year		3,220,000		40,000	3,260,000
Due in more than one year		35,357,539		1,175,000	36,532,539
Total Liabilities		40,688,182		1,569,248	42,257,430
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		25,968,369			25,968,369
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		2,566,303			2,566,303
Debt service		2,002,045			2,002,045
Parkland dedication		676,233			676,233
Regional wastewater operations		177,343			177,343
Community development		803,099			803,099
Other		140,986			140,986
Unrestricted		5,633,838			5,633,838
Total Net Assets	\$	37,968,216	\$		\$ 37,968,216

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		 Program
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	 Charges for Services
Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$ 2,480,077	\$
Finance	1,822,138	
Police	7,261,563	836,621
Fire	4,878,403	
Public works	5,784,837	439,267
Parks and recreation	2,289,576	
Planning	1,938,591	2,374,827
Interest and fiscal agent fees on long-term debt	1,395,337	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 27,850,522	\$ 3,650,715

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Other taxes

Franchise fees

(Loss) on sale of capital assets

Investment earnings

Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - beginning

Net Assets - Ending

	Revenues		xpense) Revenue and ange in Net Assets
	Operating		Governmental
	Grants and		Activities
	Contributions		(Total)
\$	240,754	\$	(2,239,323)
•		•	(1,822,138)
	453,433		(5,971,509)
	468,469		(4,409,934)
	2,747,020		(2,598,550)
	422,286		(1,867,290)
	191,200		627,436
			(1,395,337)
\$	4,523,162	\$	(19,676,645)
			15,869,579
			3,875,756
			2,673,264
			(49,002)
			213,997
			223,999
			22,807,593
			3,130,948
			34,837,268
		\$	37,968,216

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2004

						Metro
	Ge	neral Fund	De	ebt Service	Cap	ital Projects
Assets	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,157,142	\$	1,581,287	\$	2,160,305
Investments		1,377,477		422,708		577,491
Receivables:						
Property taxes		743,612		326,750		
Less: Allowance for estimated uncollectibles		(49,979)		(21,094)		
Other net of allowance account		183,669				
Due from other governments		1,304,529				281,096
Due from other funds		66,430				
Inventories		7,182				
Total Assets	\$	8,790,062	\$	2,309,651	\$	3,018,892
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	952,797	\$	1,950	\$	93,698
Retainage payable		2,050				15,690
Deferred revenue		716,103		305,656		
Due to other funds						
Due to others		639,359				
Total Liabilities		2,310,309		307,606		109,388
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		191,128				346,899
Inventories		7,182				
Community development						
O&M						
Debt service				2,002,045		
Unreserved, designated for accrued compensated						
absences (General and Special Revenue Funds)		855,800				
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:						
General fund		5,425,643				
Special revenue funds						
Capital projects funds						2,562,605
Total Fund Balances		6,479,753		2,002,045		2,909,504
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,790,062	\$	2,309,651	\$	3,018,892

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of management information services, fleet and building maintenance and asset replacement to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Long-term liabilities, including bonds, certificates of obligation payable, accrued compensated absences and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds. Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred in the funds.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	Bond Fund	Go	Other evernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	9,000,506	\$	3,374,733	\$	21,273,973
	2,406,009		902,136		5,685,821
					1,070,362
					(71,073)
	8,801		143,291		335,761
			88,667		1,674,292
					66,430
\$	11,415,316	\$	4,508,827	\$	7,182 30,042,748
<u> </u>	11,413,316	3	4,308,827		30,042,748
¢	122 529	¢	57.701	¢	1 227 744
\$	132,538 69,505	\$	56,761	\$	1,237,744 87,245
	09,303		138		1,021,897
			66,430		66,430
			00,150		639,359
	202,043		123,329		3,052,675
	861,857		705,099		2,104,983
			3,889		7,182 3,889
			92,665		92,665
			72,003		2,002,045
			17,558		873,358
					5,425,643
			1,033,772		1,033,772
	10,351,416		2,532,515		15,446,536
	11,213,273		4,385,498		26,990,073
\$	11,415,316	\$	4,508,827		
					43,235,742
					5,305,778
					(38,585,274)
					1,021,897
				\$	37,968,216

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	G	eneral Fund	D	ebt Service	Cap	Metro ital Projects
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property taxes and penalties	\$	11,015,171	\$	4,738,545	\$	
Other taxes		3,875,756				
Licenses and permits		2,374,827				
Fines and forfeitures		836,621				
Franchise fees		2,673,264				
Intergovernmental revenues		192,525				1,664,631
Other revenue		1,135,752		50,945		20,601
Total Revenues		22,103,916		4,789,490		1,685,232
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		2,133,333				
Finance		1,671,809				
Police		6,567,207				
Fire		4,618,559				
Public works		2,864,517				
Parks and recreation		1,961,973				
Planning		1,687,354				
Capital outlay						424,923
Debt service:						
Principal				2,717,982		
Interest and fiscal charges				1,403,987		
Total Expenditures		21,504,752		4,121,969		424,923
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		599,164		667,521		1,260,309
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Reimbursements from MUD's		561,575				
Transfers from other funds		727,279				
Transfers (to) other funds		(102,880)		(22,420)		(640,000)
Proceeds of long-term debt						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,185,974		(22,420)		(640,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,785,138		645,101		620,309
Fund balances, beginning		4,694,615		1,356,944		2,289,195
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	6,479,753	\$	2,002,045	\$	2,909,504

Bond Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 15,753,716
φ	Φ	3,875,756
		2,374,827
		836,621
		2,673,264
12,123	481,551	2,350,830
238,182	1,023,202	2,468,682
250,305	1,504,753	30,333,696
	138,327	2,271,660
	,	1,671,809
	157,898	6,725,105
		4,618,559
	615,678	3,480,195
	45,047	2,007,020
	186,936	1,874,290
3,046,965	1,464,445	4,936,333
		2.717.002
		2,717,982
2.046.065	2 (00 221	1,403,987
3,046,965	2,608,331	31,706,940
(2,796,660)	(1,103,578)	(1,373,244)
		561,575
	834,899	1,562,178
	(640,567)	(1,405,867)
7,970,000	1,500,000	9,470,000
7,970,000	1,694,332	10,187,886
5,173,340	590,754	8,814,642
6,039,933	3,794,744	18,175,431
\$ 11,213,273	\$ 4,385,498	\$ 26,990,073

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 8,814,642
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current	
period.	1,136,162
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	115,863
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(6,752,018)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This adjustment reflects the net change in interest payable (\$8,650) and accrued compensated absences (-\$12,829).	(4,179)
The net income (loss) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(179,522)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2004

Business-type Activities			
Lower Oyster Creek Regional WWTP		Bayo	Austang ou Regional WWTP
Φ.		Φ.	
\$		\$	
	481,980		439,940
			463,058
	172,286		11,984
	67.1.066		014000
Φ.		Φ.	914,982
\$	654,266	\$	914,982
\$	19,064	\$	335,184
	19,064		335,184
	635.202		579,798
	,		,
-	635,202		579,798
			914,982
-	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$	654,266	\$	914,982
	\$ \$	Lower Oyster Creek Regional WWTP \$ 481,980 172,286 654,266 \$ 654,266 \$ 19,064 19,064 635,202 635,202 635,202	Lower Oyster Creek Regional WWTP \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

nterp	rise Funds Total	A	vernmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
¢		¢.	1 269 020
\$		\$	1,368,020 365,699
			16,748
			34,076
			1,784,543
	921,920		
	463,058		
	184,270		7.705.020
			7,785,920 (4,126,125)
	1,569,248		3,659,795
\$	1,569,248	\$	5,444,338
\$	354,248	\$	94,379
	354,248		94,379
	1,215,000		
			44,181
	1,215,000		44,181
	1,569,248		138,560
			3,659,795
			1,645,983
•	1.5(0.240	Φ.	5,305,778
\$	1,569,248	\$	5,444,338

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 2,364,316
Miscellaneous reimbursements	9,912
Total Operating Revenues	2,374,228
Operating Expenses	
Cost of sales and services	2,147,056
Depreciation	752,378
Total Operating Expenses	2,899,434
Operating (Loss)	(525,206)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment earnings	9,427
(Loss) on disposal of capital assets	(49,002)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(39,575)
(Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(564,781)
Capital contributions - governmental funds	541,571
Transfers in	350,467
Transfers (out)	(506,779)
Change in Net Assets	(179,522)
Net assets, beginning	5,485,300
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 5,305,778

Note - Due to the developmental status of the wastewater treatment plants there is no activity to report in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets for Proprietary Funds.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Lower Oyster Mustang Creek Bayou Regional Regional WWTP WWTP		Bayou Regional	Total		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts from reimbursements Disbursed for personnel services Disbursed for goods and services to suppliers Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,700,330 9,912 (907,783) (1,259,014) 1,543,445
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfer from other funds Transfer (to) other funds Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities								371,967 (528,279) (156,312)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								(130,312)
Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(80,395)		(118,802)		(199,197) (199,197)		(54,554) (54,554)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received		(00,373)		(110,002)		(177,177)		9,427
Purchase of investments		17.600		25.605		42.215		(9,771,820)
Proceeds from disposition of investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		17,622 17,622		25,695 25,695		43,317 43,317		9,615,966 (146,427)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(62,773)		(93,107)		(155,880)		1,186,152
•				` ' '				, ,
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	Φ.	544,753	ф.	533,047	Φ.	1,077,800	ф.	181,868
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	481,980	\$	439,940	\$	921,920	\$	1,368,020

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Cree	ver Oyster ek Regional WWTP	Bayo	Austang ou Regional WWTP		Total	A	vernmental ctivities - rnal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to			•					
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$		\$		\$		\$	(525,206)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities Depreciation (Increase) decrease in account receivable Decrease in due from others (Increase) decrease in inventories (Decrease) increase in accounts payable (Decrease) increase in comp. absences payable Total adjustments								752,378 (13,986) 1,350,000 (11,487) (4,268) (3,986) 2,068,651
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,543,445
Breakdown of Restricted and Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents: Restricted for debt payments Unrestricted	\$	481,980	\$	439,940	\$	921,920	\$	1,368,020
Total	\$	481,980	\$	439,940	\$	921,920	\$	1,368,020

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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

June 30, 2004

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,225
Investments	7,010
Receivables:	
Property taxes	117,809
Less: Allowance for estimated uncollectibles	(2,437)
Total Assets	\$ 148,607
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to others	\$ 148,607

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TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Missouri City, Texas was incorporated March 12, 1956, and adopted the "Home Rule Charter" November 23, 1974, pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas. The City operates under a "Council-Manager" form of government and provides services authorized by its charter. Presently, these services include police and fire protection, drainage, building and code inspection, planning, zoning, engineering, street repair and maintenance, park maintenance, recreational activities for citizens, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Missouri City have been prepared in conformity with U. S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, governed by an elected mayor and six-member council, and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. The Missouri City Development Authority and Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zones 1 and 2, and Public Improvement Districts 2 and 3 have been included in the City's financial reporting. These legally separate entities are blended component units and are included as Special Revenue Funds of the City as indicated by GASB 14. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The City maintains all accounting records for the blended component units. Separate financial statements are not issued for the above mentioned blended component units.

The basic financial statements for the City of Missouri City include all activities, organizations and functions for which the City is financially accountable. The criteria considered include (1) whether the organization is part of the City's legal entity or (2) whether the City appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (a) the City is able to impose it's will on the organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. In addition, an organization may be financially dependent on the City and also included in its reporting entity. Those criteria are based upon and are consistent with those set forth in the Codification of Governmental Accounting Standards, Section 2100, Defining the Financial Reporting Entity. Based on these criteria, the various funds shown in the Table of Contents are included in the report, which include the blended component units noted above.

The blended component units include five entities that are so closely related to the City that they are, in effect, the same as the City. Included in this category are the Missouri City Development Authority, Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zones (TIRZ) 1 and 2, and Public Improvement Districts (PID) 2 and 3. These entities are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Specifically, all the members of Missouri City's governing body (City Council) serve as board members of the Development Authority Board and both Public Improvement Districts. The City Council appoints the majority of the directors of the Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zones. The City Council appoints six of the eight board members for TIRZ 1, and five of the seven board members for TIRZ 2. Contributions to the TIRZ's, in the form of incremental tax revenues, come from the City and Fort Bend County, whom can each appoint one board member.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Fort Bend Independent School District elected not to join the TIRZ's. The boards of the zones/districts make recommendations to City Council regarding the administration of the zones/districts. The boards are not authorized to issue bonds, impose taxes or assess fees. The City approves the tax rate, and assumes obligation to finance deficits in the zones on a short-term basis until incremental improvements are made and the City Manager is authorized to hire consultants for the zones. Each of the above-mentioned component units almost exclusively benefits the City in that the development of these areas (economically depressed areas) increases the tax base, resulting in additional revenue to the City.

The City developed a regional wastewater treatment master plan to achieve economies of scale by requiring utility districts and new developments to share wastewater treatment plants. The first City operated wastewater treatment plant opened in December 1999 (see Note 15). Severn Trent Environmental Services, Inc., was contracted to operate the plant. Quail Valley Municipal Utility District has taken over the contract to operate the plant. The construction of the plant (two Capital Project Funds) and it's operation (a Special Revenue Fund) are included in the City's reporting entity since the City establishes the budget and sets the rates to be paid by the MUD districts.

Presently, the City has eighteen (18) active municipal utility districts providing water and sewer services within the City and five inactive districts. These districts are not considered a part of the City's legal entity since they are not fiscally dependent on the City, have taxing powers and set their own budgets.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements include implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.

Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the City's overall financial position and changes in financial position.
- Government-wide financial statements prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for all of the City's governmental and business type activities.
- Fund financial statements focusing on the major funds.

Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities, which includes a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. It requires the reclassification of net assets into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through
 external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors,
 or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through contractual
 provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

• Unrestricted net assets – This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use of directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements or a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In September 1993, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 29, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting" which are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2003. This statement provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting for business type and enterprise fund activities. The City has elected alternative number one (1) from those provided by this standard. This alternative method elects to apply all GASB pronouncements as well as FASB pronouncements that were issued after November 30, 1989.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, license, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues of the general fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, permit fees, and fines and forfeitures. Expenditures are for general government, finance, public safety, public works, park maintenance and recreation, planning and zoning, and engineering.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payment made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds. The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes.

The Metro Capital Projects Fund and the Bond Fund are used to account for the proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation and expenditures of these proceeds for the acquisition of capital assets as designated in each bond issue.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Lower Oyster Creek Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant Fund accounts for the provision of wastewater treatment services to the municipal utility districts in the Lower Oyster Creek area. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for the related debt. All costs will be financed through user fees.

Mustang Bayou Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant Fund accounts for the provision of wastewater treatment services to the municipal utility districts in the Mustang Bayou area. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for related debt. All costs will be financed through user fees.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for fleet management services, information technology services, building maintenance services, fleet asset replacement and information technology asset replacement provided to other City departments and functions of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Agency Funds are used to account for municipal court bond deposits and tax collections for Houston Community College. This fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts in a demand account, money market mutual fund, petty cash funds, Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TEXPOOL), the Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Both Texpool and Logic are external investment pools established by interlocal contracts under state law. Investments and securities are booked at cost and amortized monthly to reach par at maturity. Investments are generally held to maturity.

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments. The City pools excess cash of the various individual funds to purchase investments. These pooled investments are reported in the combined balance sheet as investments in each fund based on each fund's share of the pooled investments. Interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund monthly based on its respective share of pooled investments.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

G. Receivables

The City records certain revenues billed to other governmental agencies, residents, and others on a monthly basis. Adjustments to revenue are made for uncollectible accounts as needed. At June 30, 2004 an allowance of \$276,838, was provided for possible adjustments for uncollectible accounts.

H. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for specified purposes. These receivables and payables are, for the most part, eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

I. Inventory

Inventory, which consists of gasoline and parts for use in the City's vehicles, is stated at cost (first-in, first-out method). Expenditures are recognized as the fuel and parts are used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure items, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure is not held to the \$5,000 limit; all infrastructure is capitalized regardless of cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The City plans to phase in the value of infrastructure related to streets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, over the next year. Therefore, these statements do not include amounts in capital assets related to historical or estimated cost or amounts related to depreciation on any of the City's streets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects as constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the City of Missouri City during the current fiscal year was \$1,436,027. Of this amount, \$40,690 was capitalized and included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with wastewater treatment facilities construction projects.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	20 years
Public domain infrastructure	50 to 65 years
System infrastructure	20 to 65 years
Vehicles	4 to 20 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences, which include unpaid vacation and other employee benefit amounts, are accumulated during employment. Amounts accumulated are paid to employees upon separation from City service. At June 30, 2004, all amounts accrued for compensated absences have been included as liabilities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and as designated fund balances in the fund that pays the unpaid vacation and other employee benefits. Employees earn vacation leave at the rate of ten days per year from one to five years and up to sixteen days per year for service of fifteen years or more. Police and Fire employees, as defined under Section 142.010 of the Texas Local Government Code, receive fifteen days vacation after one full year of employment and sixteen days vacation for fifteen years and over. The maximum accrual an employee may maintain is two times the annual rate. City employees receive eleven paid holidays per year. Employees may be paid or may elect to receive

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

compensatory time off for the holiday. Overtime is earned at one and one-half times the regular rate of pay. Employees may be paid or receive compensatory time. The maximum accrual for holiday and overtime is 120 hours.

L. Long-term Obligations

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type fund financial statements report long-term debt and other long-term obligations as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums or discounts and bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

The fund financial statements report bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources, net of issuance costs. Premiums or discounts associated with the debt are reported as other financing uses.

M. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements of the governmental funds the City reserves or designates all or portions of fund equity in the various governmental fund financial statements. Reserves of fund equity represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designations of fund equity represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications to prior year balances have been made to conform to current year presentation. Such reclassifications have had no effect on the excess of revenues over expenditures.

P. Indirect Expense Allocations

It is the policy of the City not to allocate indirect expenses to the various functions in the Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Q. Restricted Resources

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental funds as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, certification of obligation payable, and post employment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds."

The details of this \$38,617,124 are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ 29,725,000
Certificate of obligations payable	7,935,000
Accrued interest payable	51,916
Compensated absences - governmental funds	 873,358
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ 38,585,274

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The detail of this \$1,136,162 difference is as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,424,789
Depreciation expense	(1,288,627)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 1,136,162

Another element of that reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, certificates of obligation, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

The details of this \$6,752,018 are as follows:

Debt issued:	
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ 7,970,000
Issuance of certificates of obligation	1,500,000
Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	(1,575,000)
Certificates of obligation	(1,125,000)
Capital leases	 (17,982)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 6.752.018

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets are adopted for all funds annually. Annual budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue, Debt Service, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds. The City adopts project budgets for Capital Projects Funds, which are revised annually.

These budgets are created by ordinance and include all sources and uses of funds as approved by Council. All annual budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis that differs from GAAP. In accordance with the City's Charter, budgetary expenditures in governmental funds include encumbrances outstanding at year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The City Council made several supplementary budgetary appropriations, which were not considered material, throughout the year.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized in all governmental fund types. Any encumbered appropriation does not lapse at year-end and is included in budgetary expenditures for budget comparison purposes. In the current year, General Fund budgetary expenditures were \$220,858 less than for GAAP as a result of this inclusion of encumbrances for budgetary reporting purposes. Encumbrances for materials, other goods, and purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under GAAP. The City honors these commitments and records GAAP expenditures in the subsequent year as the transactions are completed. At year-end, the City reserved a portion of fund balance for outstanding encumbrances of \$191,128 in the General Fund, \$649,777 in the Special Revenue Funds, and \$1,264,078 in the Capital Projects Funds.

The City's Charter contains the following budgeting requirements:

The City Manager, on or before the first day of June of each year, shall submit to Council a proposed budget. The Council shall review the proposed budget and revise as deemed appropriate prior to circulation for public hearing.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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After the public hearing, the Council may adopt the budget with or without amendment. In amending the budget, Council may add or increase programs or amounts and may delete or decrease any amount, except expenditures required by law or for debt or for estimated cash deficits, provided no amendments to the budget shall increase the authorized expenditures to an amount greater than the total of estimated income plus funds available from prior years.

The Council shall adopt the budget by the 25th of June of each year. Adoption of the budget shall constitute appropriation of the amounts specified therein as expenditures and shall constitute a levy of the property tax therein proposed.

Encumbered appropriations do not lapse at year-end and are included in budgetary expenditures. Budgetary expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. Department heads are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation among programs within a department and may request Council to transfer by ordinance any unencumbered appropriation balance between departments.

Transfers out in the General Fund exceeded budgetary appropriations during the year by \$55,303 due to increased property valuations, which were collected for TIRZ 1 and 2. No significant supplemental appropriations were made during the year.

The Fleet Maintenance Internal Service Fund had a deficit net assets balance of \$28 as of June 30, 2004, due to charges for services being inadequate to cover expenses.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents and investments. The cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions, short-term investments in external public funds investment pool accounts (LOGIC) and (TEXPOOL), and other investments, which have maturities at purchase date of less than three months. The investments, which have maturities at purchase date of greater than three months, consist mainly of commercial paper and US government obligations. For better management of cash, the City pools the cash, based on the City's needs, into deposits in the bank, in short term investments with LOGIC and TEXPOOL, or in longer-term investments in commercial paper or US Government securities. However, each fund's balance of cash and investments is maintained in the books of the City.

The Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256 Texas Government Code). The investments of the City are in compliance with the Council's investment policies. It is the City's policy to restrict its investments to direct obligations of the U.S. Government, commercial paper, fully collateralized certificates of deposit and other interest-bearing time and demand deposits, and other instruments and investments in public funds investment pools such as the Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) and Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TEXPOOL).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's deposits are maintained under the provisions of a depository contract as a cash concentration account for use by all City funds. All receipts of City funds are deposited into a money market mutual fund account, and the depository bank transfers funds to a separate demand deposit checking account as checks are posted. The City

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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bids out excess funds as necessary and awards the bid to the institution or agency offering the highest interest rate. Brokers/dealers must complete a questionnaire, submit financial statements, and be approved by City Council before being accepted to bid on investments of excess City funds.

At year-end, the City had cash on hand, bank deposits, deposits with LOGIC and TexPool, and investments with maturities of 3 months or less at date of purchase as follows:

						Cash							
	(Cash on		Bank		Equivalent							
Fund		Hand	Deposits		Deposits		Deposits		Deposits		I	nvestments	Total
General	\$	4,215	\$	832,811	\$	4,320,116	\$ 5,157,142						
Special Revenue				215,311		1,116,906	1,332,217						
Debt Service				255,566		1,325,721	1,581,287						
Capital Projects				2,133,907		11,069,420	13,203,327						
Enterprise				921,920			921,920						
Internal Service				221,098		1,146,922	1,368,020						
Fiduciary				4,238		21,986	26,224						
	\$	4,215	\$	4,584,851	\$	19,001,071	\$ 23,590,137						

Credit Risk Categorization for Deposits

Collateral is required for all bank deposits at 100% of deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts. Collateral pledged to cover the City's deposits is required to be held in the City's name by the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank (the City's agent). Collateral securities must bear a Baa-1 or better rating to qualify for use in securing uninsured depository balances. Deposits at year-end are representative of the types of deposits maintained by the City during the year.

The City's deposits in banks of \$4,584,851 at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by acceptable collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

Investments

Under provisions of state and local statutes, the City's investment policies, and provisions of the City's depository contracts with the area financial institutions, the City is authorized to place available deposits and investments in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the U. S., its agencies, and instrumentalities,
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies,
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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- 4. Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities.
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to the investment quality by a nationally recognized investment firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent.
- 6. Certificates of Deposit issued by state and national banks or savings and on associations domiciled in this state that are:
 - guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or
 - secured by obligations that are described in 1-5 above, which are intended to include all direct federal agency or instrumentality issued mortgage backed securities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates or in any other manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the investing entities.
- 7. Certificates of Deposit and share certificates issued by a state or federal credit union domiciled in the State of Texas that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, or are secured as to principal by obligations described in 1 through 5 above in any other manner and amount provided by law for City deposits.
- 8. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, pledged with a third party selected or approved by the political entity, and placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or through a financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas.
- 9. Prime domestic banker's acceptances, defined as a banker's acceptance with a remaining term of 270 days or less, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank or its parent are rated at least A-1 or P-1 or equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency.
- 10. Commercial paper that is rated at least A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by either (a) two nationally recognized credit agencies or (b) one nationally recognized credit rating agency if the paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a U.S. or State bank.
- 11. SEC-registered no-load money market mutual fund (MMMF), with a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less, includes in their investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1 for each share
- 12. SEC-registered, no-load money market mutual funds (MMMF) that have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, invests exclusively in obligations described above and are continuously rated as to investment quality by at least one nationally recognized investment rating firm of no less than AAA or its equivalent.
- 13. Authorized government investment pools that invest solely in obligations of any of the above investments provided that the pools are rated no lower than Aaa or AAA or an equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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All significant legal and contractual provisions for investments were complied with during the year. Investments at year-end are representative of the types of investments maintained by the City during the year.

The City's investments at year-end are summarized below and have been classified in credit risk categories. Credit risk categories are as follows:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name,
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-party's trust department or agent in the City's name,
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by counter-party, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

		Rep	orted Amount/
	Category		Fair Value
U.S. Government Agency Notes	1	\$	5,987,839
Investments not Subject to Categorization:			
Money Market Fund	N/A		3,859,771
TexPool	N/A		11,287,837
LOGIC	N/A		7,491,546
Total Investments			28,626,993
Investments classified as cash equivalents			(22,568,463)
Total Investments per Balance Sheet		\$	6,058,530

The U.S. government securities were purchased through a broker/dealer and held for safekeeping by the City's depository bank (independent agent), registered for the account of Missouri City. The City generally holds all investments to maturity date. The City had no derivative investment products during the current year. The City did not have any reverse repurchase or repurchase agreement transactions. Fair values of investments are based on quoted market prices. The investments are reported by the City at fair values determined by quoted market prices.

The money market mutual fund is an open-ended mutual fund, which invests solely in U.S. Treasury securities. The mutual fund's assets consist only of securities scheduled to mature within 13 months or less from date of acquisition. The fund maintains a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less. In addition, the fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1 per share.

The Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) amount of \$7,491,546, and the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) amount of \$11,287,837 are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, accordingly, are not categorized by risk. However, the nature of these funds requires that they be used to purchase investments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act. The primary objective of these investment pools is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, fully collateralized investments.

The State of Texas exercises oversight responsibility over LOGIC and TexPool in accordance with state laws and the Public Funds Investment Act. This external pools operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a7 of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Investment Company Act of 1940. Net assets are reported using amortized cost rather than market value in computing share price. In accordance with LOGIC and TexPool management policies, the net asset value will always be between .9965 and 1.0035. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the shares in the pool.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for each year are levied on approximately August 1 and are due upon receipt of the City's tax bill and become delinquent on February 1 of the following year. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien is attached to the property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest. The lien exists in the favor of the State and each taxing unit. Appraised values are established by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (CAD), through procedures established by the Texas Legislature. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City bills its tax levies as soon as possible after certification of taxable values by the CAD, which is approximately August 1 as noted above. Additional tax bills are sent in December, February, April, and July (which includes a surcharge for legal costs associated with collection). In August, delinquent taxes are turned over to the City's delinquent tax attorneys for final collection or other disposition.

The City is permitted, by Article XI, Section 5, of the State of Texas Constitution and the City Charter, to levy property taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services. Within the \$2.50 maximum levy, there is no legal limit upon the amount of property taxes, which can be levied for debt service. The property tax rates to finance general governmental services and debt service for the 2003-04 fiscal year were \$.35433 and \$.15567 respectively, per \$100 of assessed valuation. The 2003 assessed value and total tax levy as adjusted through June 30, 2004, were \$3,061,244,819 and \$15,568,634 respectively.

The allowance for uncollectible tax accounts for 2004 is estimated at \$71,073.

The following is an analysis of the June 30, 2004, delinquent tax balances in the General and Debt Service Funds, by year of levy.

	General		De	bt Service	
Tax Year		Fund		Fund	Total
2003	\$	479,790		210414	\$ 690,204
2002		128,701		52,160	180,861
2001		54,196		21,244	75,440
2000		24,563		10,666	35,229
1999		14,201		6,763	20,964
1998 and prior		42,161		25,503	67,664
	\$	743,612	\$	326,750	\$ 1,070,362

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, and internal service funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	 Debt Service	Metro Capital Projects	 Bond Fund	lonmajor nd Other Funds	 Total
Receivables:	_	 	 		 	 _
Taxes	\$ 743,612	\$ 326,750	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,070,362
Accounts	1,304,529					1,304,529
Other	389,434		281,096	8,801	248,706	928,037
Gross receivables	2,437,575	326,750	281,096	8,801	248,706	3,302,928
Less: allowance for						
uncollectibles	(255,744)	 (21,094)				(276,838)
Net Total Receivable	\$ 2,181,831	\$ 305,656	\$ 281,096	\$ 8,801	\$ 248,706	\$ 3,026,090

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned	
Delinquent property taxes receivable - general fund	\$	716,103	\$	_	
Delinquent property taxes receivable - debt service fund		305,656			
Court security fees				138	
Total Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	1,021,759	\$	138	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2004:

		Balance						* Balance	
		July 1, 2003		Increases	(I	Decreases)	Jı	June 30, 2004	
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	9,763,630	\$	65,390	\$		\$	9,829,020	
Construction in progress		364,213		1,759,438		(170,596)		1,953,055	
Total capital assets not									
being depreciated		10,127,843		1,824,828		(170,596)		11,782,075	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		17,080,389		6,762				17,087,151	
Improvements other than buildings		3,409,471		ŕ				3,409,471	
Infrastructure		18,678,134		769,100				19,447,234	
Machinery and equipment		8,751,549		698,647		(409,875)		9,040,321	
Total capital assets being depreciated		47,919,543		1,474,509		(409,875)		48,984,177	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		(2,781,777)		(328,014)				(3,109,791)	
Improvements other than buildings		(1,049,728)		(183,091)				(1,232,819)	
Infrastructure		(3,736,485)		(683,003)				(4,419,488)	
Machinery and equipment		(4,514,765)		(846,897)		253,045		(5,108,617)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,082,755)		(2,041,005)		253,045		(13,870,715)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		35,836,788		(566,496)		(156,830)		35,113,462	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	45,964,631	\$	1,258,332	\$	(327,426)	\$	46,895,537	
Business-type Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$		\$	463,058	\$		\$	463,058	
Construction in progress		93,313		90,957				184,270	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	93,313	\$	554,015	\$		\$	647,328	
* - Includes capital assets and accumulated deprec as shown below:	iation re	ecorded in the Cit	y's inte	rnal service fund	s				
Fleet Asset Replacement Fund-net of accu	mulated	depreciation of \$	3.099.	175			\$	2,729,685	
MIS Asset Replacement Fund-net of accur		•					•	930,110	
r			, , -				\$	3,659,795	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Depreciation was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government \$	104,383
Finance	58,338
Police	343,507
Fire	239,220
Public works	992,108
Parks and recreation	243,308
Planning	60,141
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities \$	2,041,005

Construction in progress for the various projects and remaining commitments under these construction contracts June 30, 2004, are as follows:

Project Description	I	Total n Progress	Remaining Commitment		
Governmental Activities:		<u> </u>			
First Colony trail design	\$	28,332	\$	3,875	
Fire station #2		19,652		77,012	
Vehicle wash facility		12,000		38,500	
Buffalo Run Park		190,567		89,331	
GCWA trail		3,238		31,100	
Bridge rehabilitation projects		137,189		590,912	
Oyster Creek drainage		1,448,458		124,687	
Willow water detention pond		103,986			
Cangelosi detention facility drainage		1,133		9,668	
Mustang Bayou drainage		8,500		44,088	
Totals	\$	1,953,055	\$	1,009,173	
Business-type Activities:					
Lower Oyster Creek	\$	172,286	\$	462,916	
Mustang Bayou		11,984		104,756	
Totals		184,270		567,672	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Certificates of Obligation and General Obligation Bonds

The following is a summary of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding as of June 30, 2004.

	Original		Interest	Debt		
Series	 Issue	Matures	Rate (%)	_(Dutstanding	
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds						
Series 1995 permanent improvement bonds	\$ 8,750,000	2012	4.5-6.5	\$	5,470,000	
Series 1997 permanent improvement bonds	8,000,000	2014	4.5-6.2		6,475,000	
Series 1998 permanent improvement refunding	5,200,000	2016	3.7-4.65		3,475,000	
Series 2001 permanent improvement refunding	7,735,000	2018	4.25-6.25		6,335,000	
Series 2004 permanent improvement	7,970,000	2024	4.3-5.0		7,970,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$	29,725,000	
Certificates of Obligation						
Series 1997 certificates of obligation	\$ 1,000,000	2006	4.5-6.5	\$	300,000	
Series 1998 certificates of obligation	3,000,000	2016	3.8-4.65		2,350,000	
Series 2001 certificates of obligation	2,160,000	2018	3.5-5.5		1,335,000	
Series 2002 certificates of obligation	3,000,000	2008	2.5-4.5		2,450,000	
Series 2004 certificates of obligation	1,500,000	2024	4.3-5.0		1,500,000	
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$	7,935,000	
Total Governmental Activities				\$	37,660,000	
Business-type Activities:						
Series 2003 certificates of obligation	\$ 1,215,000	2024	.85-4.2	\$	1,215,000	
Total Business-type Activities				\$	1,215,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of obligation outstanding as of June 30, 2004 are as follows:

	Governmen	ıtal Ac	ctivities	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest				
2005	\$ 1,315,000	\$	305,259	\$	40,000	\$	40,090			
2006	1,430,000		250,829		45,000		39,920			
2007	1,055,000		198,954		45,000		39,480			
2008	860,000		166,691		45,000		38,839			
2009	250,000		141,404		50,000		38,018			
2010-2014	1,420,000		552,727		270,000		170,460			
2015-2019	1,105,000		240,462		325,000		123,290			
2020-2024	500,000		77,082		395,000		59,346			
	\$ 7,935,000	\$	1,933,408	\$	1,215,000	\$	549,443			

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2004 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest				
2005	\$	1,905,000	\$	1,417,171				
2006		1,860,000		1,273,535				
2007		1,950,000		1,173,635				
2008		2,205,000		1,072,443				
2009		2,300,000		967,218				
2010-2014		11,290,000		3,263,900				
2015-2019		5,595,000		1,300,008				
2020-2024		2,620,000		402,040				
	\$	29,725,000	\$	10,869,950				

There is \$2,002,045 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the above obligations.

The principal and interest on the general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are payable solely from property taxes levied on taxable property within the City of Missouri City, Texas. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond ordinances.

In May 2004, the City issued \$1.5 million in certificates of obligation, with interest rates ranging from 4.3% - 5.0%, to finance the construction of a water supply plant. Also in May 2004, the City issued \$7,970,000 in permanent improvement bonds, with interest rates ranging from 4.3% - 5.0%., to finance various capital improvement projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	1	Reductions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2004	I	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 23,330,000	\$ 7,970,000	\$	(1,575,000)	\$	29,725,000	\$	1,905,000
Certificates of obligation	 7,560,000	 1,500,000		(1,125,000)		7,935,000		1,315,000
Total bonds payable	 30,890,000	 9,470,000		(2,700,000)		37,660,000		3,220,000
Capital leases	20,188			(20,188)				
Compensated absences	908,696	792,957		(784,114)		917,539		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 31,818,884	\$ 10,262,957	\$	(3,484,114)	\$	38,577,539	\$	3,220,000
Business-type Activities:								
Certificates of obligation	\$ 1,215,000	\$	\$		\$	1,215,000	\$	40,000
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 1,215,000	\$	\$		\$	1,215,000	\$	40,000

Internal service funds serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for the internal service funds are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$44,181 of internal service fund compensated absences are included in the above amounts.

Federal Tax Compliance (Arbitrage) for Long-term Debt

In accordance with provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code") the City's long-term debt obligations must meet certain minimum criteria to be considered and continue to be considered "tax exempt." This "tax exempt" status means that interest income earned by purchasers of the City's long-term debt instruments is not subject to federal income taxes. Related Treasury Regulations promulgated under section 148 of the Code generally provide that the determination of whether these obligations are tax exempt is made as of the date such obligations are issued based on a reasonable expectations regarding the use of the proceeds of the bonds issued. Long-term debt that does not meet and continue to meet the minimum criteria of Section 148 of the Code and the related Treasury Regulations described above are considered "arbitrage bonds" and are not considered "tax exempt" as described above.

Rebate

Obligations will become arbitrage bonds (as described above) if certain arbitrage profits are not paid to the federal government as rebate under section 148(f) of the Code. The City's obligations to calculate and make rebate payments (if any) will continue as long as there are gross proceeds allocable to outstanding debt issues. The City has performed calculations required under section 148(f) of the Code and has no present liability nor has the City ever been required to make rebate payments for issued debt in past years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Unexpended Debt Issuance Proceeds (Yield Restriction Requirements)

Section 148 of the Code also provides that in order for debt not to be considered arbitrage bonds (as described above), proceeds of such debt must be invested at a yield that is not materially higher than the yield on the debt issued starting on the third anniversary of the issue date of such debt. Accordingly, any unexpended proceeds of debt issued by the City that remain unexpended more than three years after such debt was issued should be yield restricted. The yield restriction may be accomplished by making yield reduction payments pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.148-5(c). The City presently has unexpended proceeds from certain debt issues that require yield restriction as described above. The City is currently in compliance with these yield restriction requirements and does not anticipate associated significant noncompliance issues. The City is continuing to proceed with reasonable diligence to expend any remaining unexpended debt issuance proceeds on qualifying projects or to retire related debt issues still outstanding.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2004:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amounts			
Due to/from primary government:	-		_			
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	66,430			

Amounts booked as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following fiscal year.

For the year ended June 30, 2004, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In										
			N	onmajor		Internal					
		General	Gov	vernmental		Service					
Transfers Out		Fund	Funds			Funds		Total			
General Fund	\$	_	\$	102,348	\$	532	\$	102,880			
Debt Service Fund				22,420				22,420			
Metro Fund				640,000				640,000			
Nonmajor Governmental											
Funds		570,435		70,132				640,567			
Internal Service Funds		156,844				371,435		528,279			
Total Transfers Out	\$	727,279	\$	834,900	\$	371,967	\$	1,934,146			

NOTE 10 - FUND EQUITY

The City has designated General Fund and Special Revenue Fund equity in the amounts of \$855,800 and \$17,558, respectively, at June 30, 2004, for retirement of accrued compensated absences.

The City has reserved its Debt Service Fund equity at June 30, 2004, for retirement of long-term indebtedness.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

The City's Capital Project Fund equity of over \$16.7 million at June 30, 2004, will be used in subsequent years for capital improvement projects.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the plan from any other use than intended under the plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under plan provisions are disbursed monthly by the City to a third party administrator. The third party administrator handles all funds in the plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with plan provisions.

The market value of plan assets held and administered by the plan's third party administrator were \$3,572,503 and \$2,846,782 at June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the statewide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 794 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant as often as annually another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions, accumulated with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence; and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the employer-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

The contribution rate for the employees is 7% and the City matching ratio is currently 2 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the City contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to the City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his/her retirement becomes effective.

Contributions

The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year open amortization period. The unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. (i.e. December 31, 2003 valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2005).

Because the actuary determines contribution rates on an annual basis and the City pays the calculated rate each month, the City will always have a net pension obligation (NPO) of zero at the beginning and end of the period, and the annually required contributions (ARC) will always equal contributions made.

A schedule of funding progress for TMRS for the three most recent actuarial valuations may be found in the required supplementary information section of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

All assumptions for the December 31, 2003 valuations are contained in the 2003 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Unit Credit

Level Percent of Payroll

25 Years - Open Period

Amortized Cost

Investment Rate of Return7%Projected Salary IncreasesNoneIncludes Inflation AtNoneCost-of-Living AdjustmentsNone

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's risk management program mainly encompasses obtaining property and liability insurance through Texas Municipal League (TML-IRP), an Intergovernmental Risk-Pool and through commercial insurance carriers. The City purchases commercial general insurance through the Texas Municipal League, an unincorporated association of political subdivisions of the State of Texas. This policy encompasses general liability, incidental, medical malpractice, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, errors and omissions liability, property, automobile vehicle liability, and damages with limits of liability for each occurrence at \$3,000,000. The City has not had any significant reduction in insurance coverage, and the amounts of insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the last three years. The participation of the City in the TML-IRP is limited to payment of premiums.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Workers' Compensation

The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League (TML) Workers' Compensation Intergovernmental Risk Pool, an unincorporated association of political subdivisions of the State of Texas. The fund contracts with a third party administrator for administration, investigation, and adjustment services in the handling of claims. Premiums are based on the estimated City payroll by risk factor and rates. The premiums are adjusted by the City's experience modifier. All loss contingencies, including claims incurred but not reported, if any, are recorded and accounted for by the TML Pool. The City's liability is limited to payment of premiums as assessed by TML.

The City pays unemployment insurance claims filed by former employees on an actual reimbursement basis. The Texas Workforce Commission determines individual claim eligibility and bills the City for each eligible claim made. The City contracts with a third party, R. E. Harrington, Inc., to administer its unemployment insurance/compensation program.

Long-Term Disability

The City provides long-term disability coverage for all full-time employees through Fort Dearborn Life Insurance Company. The City pays the entire amount of the premiums. After a 90-day waiting period, employees who become disabled though injury or sickness may receive 66-2/3% of basic monthly earnings, not to exceed maximum benefit less other income benefits.

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Plan

The City provides medical insurance, prescription card, dental, vision and life insurance programs for City employees. The City contracts with Humana Health Plan of Texas, with employees offered various choices of coverage depending upon the amount they wish to contribute to the plan. The City also provides life insurance equal the employee's salary to a maximum of \$50,000 through Fort Dearborn Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Sick Leave

Employees are credited with sick leave at the rate of one day per month with no maximum accumulation, one-half of which is set aside for major illness each year. Regular sick days may be used for ordinary sick days, caring for relatives, and doctor's appointments. Unused sick leave is credited to the major illness accumulation at the end of the year. Employees do not receive any pay or other compensation either for, or in lieu of, accrued sick leave time upon any type of employment termination except for retirement. Upon meeting retirement qualifications and retiring from the City, employees will be paid 25% of accumulated major illness sick leave exceeding sixty days up to a total of thirty days.

The unrecorded contingency associated with all accumulated sick leave of City employees at June 30, 2004 is approximately \$2.335 million.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Other Post Employment Benefits

In addition to pension benefits, retired employees who were at least sixty-five years of age at the time of retirement from the City and who have had at least ten years of service with the City shall be provided medical and dental coverage by the City to the extent and subject to the conditions of such coverage that is provided to non-retired employees of the City. This coverage for retired employees is provided through City ordinance. The City funds premiums to its health insurance plan for eligible retirees in the same manner as it funds similar premiums for current employees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The costs of providing these benefits and number of retired employees are as follows:

		E	mp/Dep	Nun	nber of
Total	City's	C	overage	Re	etired
 Cost	 Cost		Cost	_Em _J	oloyees
\$ 100,249	\$ 41,231	\$	59,018	\$	17

Retirees who are entitled to receive retirement benefits under the City's retirement plan may purchase continued health benefits coverage for the retiree and the retiree's dependents. A retiree must inform the City not later than the day of retirement if he elects to continue coverage. If the retiree elects to continue coverage for himself and/or his dependents, once he decides to drop either type of coverage, the person and/or his dependents are no longer eligible for coverage. The levels of coverage provided as well as the payment for coverage are the same as current employees. The City's coverage is secondary to Medicare when the person becomes eligible for these benefits.

NOTE 15 - PARK LAND DEDICATION

The City enacted an ordinance requiring open space, park, and recreational areas, which is intended to assure that within residential developments of the City there is sufficient land dedicated for open space and neighborhood parks. The City subsequently amended this ordinance providing for cash to be remitted in lieu of park land. Cash received shall be restricted to an area established by zone. Presently, the City has established twelve zones. Cash received by the City under this agreement must be expended within five years for the acquisition or development of a neighborhood park.

If not expended within the time frame established, the current owner of the property for which money was paid in lieu of land dedication shall be entitled to a refund providing a refund request is made within a one-year period. The activities of this program are accounted for in a special revenue fund.

NOTE 16 – AGREEMENT WITH GULF COAST WATER AUTHORITY

On July 17, 1997, the City entered into an option agreement with Gulf Coast Water Authority (GCWA), a Texas conservation and reclamation district, to purchase surface water rights. The agreement allows the City the option to buy fifteen (15) million gallons per day of surface water from GCWA's canal system. The City pays monthly in advance for 18.53 million gallons per day adjusted yearly for the U. S. Department of Labor Utilities Index for Industries. The City pays approximately \$117,000 per year for these rights.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

The City may exercise its' option to buy surface water by giving a ninety (90) day notice. The City may sell or assign the rights to Missouri City municipal utility districts or others as needed.

The City has paid GCWA \$767,506 cumulatively through June 30, 2004.

NOTE 17 – REGIONAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

In March 1996, the City contracted with First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 9 (MUD9) and Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 42 (MUD42) to construct a regional wastewater system to include a major transmission line, treatment plant, and disposal. This regional system will eventually serve a much greater area, which is called the Steep Bank/Flat Bank Creek Service Area. The initial phase serves MUD's 9 and 42 with a total capacity of 1.5 million gallons per day (MGD). When the regional plant is built out to full capacity for the entire service area, the capacity of the plant will be 5.5 MGD.

MUDs 9 and 42 financed much of the construction of the plant. The City paid for the additional costs of oversizing. The total cost of the construction including over-sizing, land, permitting, and transmission lines is \$8.6 million. The City will recoup its' over-sizing costs as new customers connect to the system. The City incurred expenditures under this contract for over-sizing costs totaling \$3,418,824 for Phase I and \$38,095 for Phase II, plus interest under this contract to be reimbursed by other municipal utility districts (see MUD No. 115, 46 and 129 below).

The City is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the plant and has contract with a utility operations company for this purpose. MUDs 9 and 42 pay monthly charges for their share of operations and maintenance expenses, which includes funding an operations and maintenance reserve.

MUDs 9, 42 and the City have agreed that each district shall initially have the right to deliver, subject to agreed terms and conditions, wastewater to the plant in the following capacities:

		Reserved Capacity
District	Percent	(MGD)
First Colony MUD #9	54%	0.808
Fort Bend County MUD #42	25%	0.371
Fort Bend County MUD #46	16%	0.237
Fort Bend County MUD #115	5%	0.084
	100%	1.500

The City entered into an agreement with Fort Bend County No. MUD 115 (MUD 115) on November 6, 2000, to provide waste disposal needs for this MUD. The district is expected to utilize the reserved capacity of MUDs 9 and 42 until such time the plant will need to be expanded. The City contracted with MUD 115 to pay \$577,379, plus interest for it's pro rate share of interim costs. The district has paid \$262,865 of the cost as of June of this year and will pay the remaining amounts, as lots are platted in the subdivision. The City entered into an agreement with Fort Bend County MUD No. 46 on May 20, 2002, to provide waste disposal needs for this MUD. The district is also expected to utilize the reserved capacity of MUDs 9 and 42. The City contracted with MUD 46 to pay \$478,666, plus interest for it's pro rate share of interim costs. The district has paid \$340,694 of the cost as of June of this year and will pay the remaining amounts, as lots are platted in the subdivision. The City will

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

provide funding for the expansion, and the districts will pay their share of operations and their share of the debt service.

On September 20, 2004, an agreement was entered into with Fort Bend County MUD No. 129 to utilize interim capacity of MUDs 9 and 42. Its share of over-sizing costs will be \$736,711.

The City will expand the facility when needed and reserves the option to utilize package plants in the interim, if necessary, to provide services to all areas. The maintenance and operation of the plant will be prorated among the MUDs utilizing their average equivalent collections for the year.

NOTE 18 – DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

Agreement with Sienna Plantation

In past years, it was the policy of City Council that before a reclamation district, water control improvement district or municipal utility district could be created, the landowners in the City's extra-territorial jurisdiction must petition for annexation into the City. As a result, the City approved the creation of several separate municipal districts in past years.

In 1995-96, the City began development of a regional water, sewer and storm drainage plan to determine future demands for water, sewer and storm drainage facilities for the entire City including these districts.

With the City approximately one-third built, not including the City's extra-territorial jurisdiction, this was a good time to initiate the change. In conjunction with this, a Municipal Utility District Study was performed to assure that Regionalization versus separate MUDs was feasible.

As a result, the City determined to leave the existing districts in place at this time and review their Regionalization needs on an individual basis, when the need to sell new debt or expand the plant took place. For the rest of the City, the City is seeking Regionalization by requiring MUDs to go to a regionalized plant, and to develop contract for Regionalization with existing MUDs. The Quail Valley MUD is a good example of this Regionalization effort.

In other areas, Public Improvement Districts are being formed to take care of the water, sewer, drainage and other needed improvements.

In 1995-96, several developers of Sienna Plantation, a 12,000-acre master planned community in the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction approached the City Council to allow development by agreement. As a result, a development agreement was proposed allowing development to take place outside the City limits.

The developers in Sienna Plantation entered into the Sienna Plantation Joint Development Agreement with the City of Missouri City (the "City") dated February 19, 1996, as amended by the First Amendment thereto dated February 16, 1998, (collectively, the "Development Agreement"), which stipulates the City's regulatory authority over the development of Sienna Plantation. The Development Agreement establishes certain restrictions and commitments related to the development of Sienna Plantation, sets forth detailed design and construction standards, stipulates a formula for determining the time of annexation of land within Sienna Plantation by the City, and identifies and establishes a master plan for the development of Sienna Plantation. The provisions of the Development Agreement govern the development of all land within Sienna Plantation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

In the Development Agreement, the City agrees not to annex the property in any district before such time as (i) at least 90% of the developable acreage within such district has been developed with water, wastewater treatment, and drainage facilities; and (ii) the Developer has been reimbursed to the maximum extent permitted by the rules of the TCEQ or the City assumes any obligation for such reimbursement.

The area is expected to add approximately 60,000 to the population of the City.

Wastewater Treatment Service Contract

Regional wastewater treatment services will be provided to Sienna Plantation by the City through the Master District pursuant to the Wastewater Treatment Services Contract (the "Wastewater Agreement"). Pursuant to the Wastewater Agreement, each District within Sienna Plantation is permitted to own and operate one or more temporary wastewater treatment plants to serve initial development within the boundaries of each District.

At such time as the number of total active equivalent single family connections within Sienna Plantation reaches 1,500, the City shall commence the design and permitting of the initial phase of a permanent wastewater treatment plant to serve Sienna Plantation. Should the City fail to construct the initial phase of the wastewater treatment plant pursuant to the terms of the Wastewater Treatment Agreement, the Master District shall have the right to design, permit, finance, construct and own such facilities. The Master District agrees to pay the City monthly charges to reimburse the City for all operation and maintenance expenses for the permanent wastewater treatment plant and to pay the debt service requirements on bonds issued by the City to finance the capital costs, which will be passed along to the District in the monthly connection charge.

Contract with Sienna Plantation Municipal Utility District No. 1 (Master District)

The District together with each conservation and reclamation district located within Sienna Plantation District, has contracted with Sienna Plantation Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "Master District") to provide water supply and distribution, sewage collection and treatment services, major trunk storm sewer drain services, fire protection, and other services and facilities permitted by law for the entire Sienna Plantation development. The District has incurred, or incurs, the following expenditures with respect to this contract:

- the Districts prorated share of the Master District's capital cost (connection charges) which future costs will be capitalized in the District's General Capital Assets Account Group; and,
- monthly connection charges in an amount sufficient to meet the District's prorated share of the operational and maintenance costs of the central facilities, based on the relevant use of such facilities.

Fire Protection Agreements between City and Sienna Plantation MUDs 1, 2, & 3

On March 19, 2001, the City entered into fire protection agreements with Sienna Plantation MUDs 1,2, & 3, which are outside the City's corporate limits but within its' extraterritorial jurisdiction, to provide fire suppression and rescue services.

These agreements do not obligate the City to construct or keep any fire stations, trucks, fire equipment or fire personnel within the Districts or to designate, reserve, or devote all or part of the City's Fire Department's trucks, equipment or personnel exclusively to or for the use of the Districts in carrying out

these agreements, but the City will use its best efforts to comply with State standards regarding fire suppression. The City agrees to provide all additional personal property not already provided for by the developers or Sienna

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Plantation MUD No. 1 as set forth in the Development Agreement, relating to providing services as set forth in the agreements.

Pursuant to the Development Agreement, Sienna Plantation MUD No. 1, or the developers are required to begin construction of a new fire station and related appurtenances when the number of dwelling units in Sienna Plantation reaches 3,000 and must complete construction within one year. Upon completion, the City agrees to accept the dedicated fire station and related equipment and commence to staff, equipment and operate the fire station to the same standards as the City's other fire stations, provided the City has annexed one Sienna municipal utility district. If the City has not annexed a Sienna municipal utility district by the time the fire station is complete, the City will commence to staff, equip and operate the fire station MUD No. 1, and thereafter upon the City's annexation of the first Sienna municipal utility district, the City will accept the dedication of the fire station and related equipment and continue to staff, equip and operate the fire station to the same standards as the City's other fire stations.

The MUD districts agree to pay the City a monthly charge of \$7.00 for each residential unit in the districts connected to the public water supply on or before the twentieth day of the preceding month. For non-residential properties, the districts agree to pay a monthly charge of \$7.00 per 2,000 square feet of building floor space.

The districts must develop a fire plan in accordance with Section 49.351, Texas Water Code, and the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), hold a hearing on the plan in the district, submit the plan to the TCEQ for its approval, call an election in the district and obtain voter approval. Sienna Plantation MUD No. 2 has called an election and obtained voter approval. The fire plans are currently in development at this time for Sienna Plantation MUDs 1 and 3.

NOTE 19 – REIMBURSEMENTS DUE TO CITY AND DEVELOPERS

The City has entered into agreements with developers and newly created governmental entities for purposes of developing areas that otherwise would not be developed. The planned resources for these developments are property tax increments in established zones within the City. Currently, the City's financial statements include two Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zones (Zones 1 and 2) as blended component units along with a Development Authority created for these purposes. The City expects approximately \$7.1 million will be spent in the upcoming fiscal year for development activities within Zones 1 and 2.

The City is also working with area developers in the creation of Public Improvement Districts (PIDs) for development purposes that will use property assessments within their boundaries to create additional resources for development purposes. Costs associated with the PIDs' creation have been included in the Public Improvement District #2 and #3 Funds.

The City and developers have prefunded certain creation costs for these entities and expect reimbursement of these costs in the future, once development has taken place and property values are at a level that will create the resources for repayment of these costs. The reimbursements will include interest at agreed-upon rates at the time the reimbursements are calculated and made.

In addition, the City has prefunded capital costs for the new regional wastewater treatment plant. These prefunded costs have included over-sizing of sewer lines funded by the proceeds of City issued certificates of obligation (see Note 17). The City has also prefunded additional costs from operating funds related to the over-sizing and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

engineering costs related to plant expansion for new users. These pre-funded costs are expected to be paid back as new or existing customers pay for capacity in the current and expanded plant. The City plans to receive interest on these prefunded costs at the time of reimbursement at agreed-upon rates at the time the reimbursements are calculated and made.

The amounts currently due to the City and developers by project and excluding interest costs at June 30, 2004 are shown below. These amounts do not include the over-sizing costs funded through City-issued certificates of obligation discussed in Note 17.

				Tax			
		Public	In	cremement	Wa	stewater	
	Imp	rovement	Re	einvestment	Tr	eatment	
	D	istricts	Zones		Plant		 Totals
City	\$	96,117	\$	3,352,116	\$	39,393	\$ 3,487,626
Developers	51,512			146,044			197,556
	\$	147,629	\$	3,498,160	\$	39,393	\$ 3,685,182

NOTE 20 – HOUSTON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

In 1997, Houston Community College (HCC) established a storefront campus in the Randall's Center on Cartwright Road in Missouri City for continuing education, computer and software, and professional certification types of courses. Based upon the success of this storefront campus, the Mayor and City Council requested that the HCC Board initiate the process whereby Missouri City residents could petition for an election for admission to the HCC System.

In August 1999, the HCC Board initiated this process. Of the total 833 ballots cast on May 6, 2000, 536 voted for annexation in the HCC district with 297 against. By becoming part of the college district, property owners will pay slightly less than 9 cents per \$100 of assessed values in property taxes. The Missouri City location will include an expanded center for advanced computer technology with state of the art programs designed to meet the needs of local business and residents. All Missouri City residents will pay in-district tuition for a minimum savings of \$288 per semester.

Houston Community College is planning to locate a new main campus in Sienna North in the Sienna Parkway area near State Highway 6.

NOTE 21 – AGREEMENT WITH HARRIS COUNTY METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY

The City entered into a Congestion Mitigation/Traffic Management Agreement with the Harris County Metropolitan Transit Authority (METRO) to address ongoing mobility needs through the further development of regional transportation systems. Under this agreement, METRO will make payments to the City to fund eligible transportation projects as defined in the agreement. The agreement is effective through October 1, 2009. These payments will generally be limited to one-half (1/2) of all METRO sales tax collections within the City during the agreement. These payments will be in addition to payments for previously approved METRO projects within the City. The City received approximately \$1.7 million pursuant to this agreement for eligible transportation projects in the current fiscal year.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)** 71

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Originar	1 11141	retuii / infounts	1 ositive (1 (egative)
Taxes:				
Property taxes and penalties	\$ 10,961,450	\$ 10,961,222	\$ 11,015,171	\$ 53,949
Other taxes	3,979,050	3,979,050	3,875,756	(103,294)
Licenses and permits	2,409,278	2,409,278	2,374,827	(34,451)
Fines and forfeitures	849,830	849,830	836,621	(13,209)
Franchise fees	2,720,000	2,720,000	2,673,264	(46,736)
Intergovernmental revenues	173,500	173,500	192,525	19,025
Other revenue	1,130,480	1,130,480	1,135,752	5,272
Total Revenues	22,223,588	22,223,360	22,103,916	(119,444)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	2,517,208	2,176,523	2,016,725	159,798
Finance	1,819,937	1,841,747	1,656,052	185,695
Police	6,575,856	6,714,672	6,503,209	211,463
Fire	4,520,010	4,684,783	4,628,418	56,365
Public works	3,317,240	3,288,176	2,831,210	456,966
Parks and recreation	2,102,791	2,128,921	1,963,887	165,034
Planning	1,683,738	1,701,958	1,684,393	17,565
Total Expenditures	22,536,780	22,536,780	21,283,894	1,252,886
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(313,192)	(313,420)	820,022	1,133,442
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds	207,627	1,162	727,279	726,117
Reimbursements from MUD's	264,131	264,131	561,575	297,444
Transfers (to) other funds	(47,045)	(47,045)	(102,880)	(55,835)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	424,713	218,248	1,185,974	967,726
Net Change in Fund Balance	111,521	(95,172)	2,005,996	2,101,168

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

The City's annual covered payroll and pension costs are actuarially valued on a calendar year basis. Because the City makes all the annually required contributions, no net pension obligation (NPO) exists. The information presented below represents the City's Schedule of Funding Progress.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percentage Funded	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL As A Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/99	\$ 25,233,260	\$ 29,064,855	86.8%	\$ 3,831,595	\$ 6,987,750	54.8%
12/31/00	27,343,615	31,858,402	85.8%	4,514,787	8,537,510	52.9%
12/31/01	27,975,062	32,872,483	85.1%	4,897,421	9,379,888	52.2%
12/31/02	30,391,903	35,927,764	84.6%	5,535,861	10,597,155	52.2%
12/31/03	30,101,875	36,458,504	82.6%	6,356,629	11,272,581	56.4%

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes.

Park Land Dedication Fund

This fund is used to account for cash payments in lieu of land donated for parks as established by the Park Land Dedication Ordinance. Funds must be expended within five years from the date of the receipt for acquisition or development of a neighborhood park.

Law Enforcement Fund

This fund is used to account for monies resulting from narcotics contraband seized within the County as a result of a final conviction or forfeiture by the State. The funds are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes. The Law Enforcement Block Grant is also accounted for in this fund.

Radio Communications Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of the radio communications facilities, a portion of which is paid by other area users.

Court Security and Technology Funds

These funds are used to account for monies resulting from court fee assessments. The funds are to be used solely for security and technology of the court.

Community Development Block Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues to be received from the Community Development Block Grant Entitlement

Regional Wastewater Operations Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of the wastewater treatment plant. The operation of the plant is contracted out to Seven Trent Environmental with First Colony MUD #9 and 42 paying 61/39 percent of the operating costs.

Hightower Liftstation Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of a liftstation to pump wastewater to Steep/flat Bank Regional Wastewater Plant.

Northeast Oyster Creek Service Area Fund

This fund is used to account for the purchase of wastewater capacity and fresh water supply from Quail Valley Utility District (QVUD) and the sale of said capacity/supply for the Northeast Oyster Creek Watershed service area.

Mustang Bayou Service Area Fund

This fund is used to account for the purchase of wastewater capacity and fresh water supply from ECO Resources (ECO) and the sale of said capacity/supply for the Mustang Bayou service area until the City can build its own regional plants.

Missouri City Development Authority Fund

This fund is used to account for the Development Authority, which is made up of City Council with ex-officio members including the City Manager, Director of Public Works, City Attorney, Director of Planning, Finance Director, and may also include representatives of the Fort Bend Independent School District as non-voting members. The board will act for the City to develop policies, implement project and financing plans with the planned improvement districts and tax incremental reinvestment zones.

Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) #1 (Fifth Street) Fund

This fund is used to account for the TIRZ, which covers the Fifth Street area of the City, which is located near an unincorporated area in the City of Stafford's extra-territorial jurisdiction. The Fort Bend Economic Development Commission developed the plan to improve the area noted for substandard housing, a lack of public infrastructure and crime.

Tax Incremental Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) #2 (Vicksburg) Fund

This fund is used to account for the TIRZ in the Vicksburg subdivision area of the City. Prime development has been handicapped for years due to drainage problems. By forming the TIRZ, drainage problems can be addressed on a regional basis.

Public Improvement District (PID) #2 (Vicksburg area) Fund

This fund is used to track the sources and used of funds for the PID in the Vicksburg area. As improvements are made in this district, a special assessment fee will be charged to property owners.

Public Improvement District (PID) #3 (Vicksburg area) Fund

This fund is used to track the sources and uses of funds for the Public Improvement District in the Vicksburg area. PID #3 is an expansion of the area served by PID #2. As improvements are made in this district, a special assessment fee will be charged to property owners.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of all buildings, equipment, rights of way, street and drainage improvements, and regional wastewater facilities.

Certificates of Obligation Fund

This fund is used to account for the purchase of certain capital equipment, city vehicles and certain professional services.

Regional Wastewater Construction Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction of Phase I of the city's new 5.5-MGD regional wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal system.

Regional Wastewater Phase II Fund

This fund is used to account for engineering and planning costs (Phase II) of upgrading the City's new 5.5-MGD regional wastewater collection treatment and disposal system.

MUD #46 Liftstation/Forcemain Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction of a liftstation for Forcemain, which will connect Fort Bend County MUD #46 to the Steepbank/Flatbank wastewater treatment plant.

Mustang Bayou Interim Wastewater Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction of site improvements at the existing regional wastewater treatment plant, not owned by the City, to increase wastewater treatment capacity during the time the City is constructing its' own wastewater treatment plant to service the entire Mustang Bayou area.

Mustang Bayou Water Facility Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction of a regional fresh water supply plant to service the Mustang Bayou Watershed area.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2004

	Nonmajor Nonmajor Special Capital Revenue Funds Projects Funds		otal Other vernmental Funds	
<u>Assets</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,332,217	\$	2,042,516	\$ 3,374,733
Investments	356,131		546,005	902,136
Receivables:				
Other net of allowance account	143,291			143,291
Due from other governments	88,667			88,667
Total Assets	\$ 1,920,306	\$	2,588,521	\$ 4,508,827
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 56,077	\$	684	\$ 56,761
Deferred revenue	138			138
Due to other funds	 66,430			66,430
Total Liabilities	122,645		684	123,329
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances	649,777		55,322	705,099
Community development	3,889			3,889
O&M	92,665			92,665
Unreserved, designated, reported in				
Special revenue funds	17,558			17,558
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	1,033,772			1,033,772
Capital projects funds	 		2,532,515	2,532,515
Total Fund Balances	1,797,661		2,587,837	4,385,498
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,920,306	\$	2,588,521	\$ 4,508,827

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	lonmajor Special enue Funds	Nonmajor Capital ojects Funds	otal Other vernmental Funds
Revenues		.,	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 481,551	\$	\$ 481,551
Other revenue	782,068	241,134	1,023,202
Total Revenues	1,263,619	241,134	1,504,753
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	138,327		138,327
Police	157,898		157,898
Public works	615,678		615,678
Parks and recreation	45,047		45,047
Planning	186,936		186,936
Capital Outlay		1,464,445	1,464,445
Total Expenditures	1,143,886	1,464,445	2,608,331
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	 119,733	(1,223,311)	 (1,103,578)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers from other funds	834,899		834,899
Transfers (to) other funds	(70,132)	(570,435)	(640,567)
Proceeds of long term debt	, ,	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	764,767	929,565	1,694,332
Net Change in Fund Balance	884,500	(293,746)	590,754
Fund balances, beginning	 913,161	 2,881,583	 3,794,744
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 1,797,661	\$ 2,587,837	\$ 4,385,498

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2004

					June	30, 2004								
		ark Land edication Fund	Ent	Law forcement Fund	Com	Radio munications Fund	Sec	Court urity Fee Fund		Court inology Fee Fund	Dev Blo	mmunity elopment ck Grant Fund	-	ional WW perating Fund
Assets														
Current Assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	533,593	\$	47,200	\$		\$	16,969	\$	36,648	\$		\$	73,573
Investments		142,640		12,618				4,536		9,797				19,668
Receivables:														
Other net of allowance account						24,088		138						
Due from other governments	_		_			6,556	_	21.612			_	51,351	_	30,700
Total Assets	\$	676,233	\$	59,818	\$	30,644	\$	21,643	\$	46,445	\$	51,351	\$	123,941
Liabilities and Fund Balances														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	4,850	\$		\$	450	\$	5,150	\$	31,276
Deferred revenue			Ψ		Ψ	1,000	Ψ	138	Ψ.		Ψ	0,100	Ψ.	31,270
Due to other funds						12,126		150				20,504		
Total Liabilities						16,976		138		450		25,654		31,276
Fund Balances:														
Reserved for:														
Encumbrances		5,967		10,425						24,960		21,808		
Community development												3,889		
O&M														92,665
Fund balances:														
Unreserved		670,266		49,393		13,668		21,505		21,035				
Total Fund Balances		676,233		59,818		13,668		21,505		45,995		25,697		92,665
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	676,233	\$	59,818	\$	30,644	\$	21,643	\$	46,445	\$	51,351	\$	123,941

Lif	tstation	Oy	ortheast ster Creek vice Area Fund	Austang Bayou vice Area Fund	Development Authority Fund	TIRZ #1 Fund	TIRZ #2 Fund	PID #2 Fund	PID #3 Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Zenue Funds
\$	1,412 378	\$	10 3	\$ 9,438 2,523	\$	\$ 99,557 26,614	\$ 513,814 137,353	\$	3 \$ 1	\$	1,332,217 356,131
			109,065			60		10,00	0		143,291 88,667
\$	1,790	\$	109,078	\$ 11,961	\$	\$ 126,231	\$ 651,167	\$ 10,00	\$	\$	1,920,306
\$	1,790	\$	600 23,800 24,400	\$ 11,961	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,00 10,00		\$	56,077 138 66,430 122,645
							586,617				649,777 3,889 92,665
			84,678 84,678			126,231 126,231	64,550		4	·	1,051,330 1,797,661
\$	1,790	\$	109,078	\$ 11,961	\$	\$ 126,231	\$ 651,167	\$ 10,00	<u> </u>	\$	1,920,306

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		roi the rear	Ended June 30, 20	U-7			
	Park Land Dedication Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Radio Communications Fund	Court Security Fee Fund	Court Technology Fee Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Regional WW Operating Fund
Revenues Intergovernmental Other Total Revenues	\$ 163,471 163,471	\$ 82,448 270 82,718	\$ 70,355 52,355 122,710	\$ 21,421 81 21,502	\$ 28,176 313 28,489	\$ 191,200 191,200	\$ 379,026 379,026
Expenditures Current: General government Police Public works Parks and recreation	45,047	34,684	123,214		6,650		372,275
Planning Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	45,047 118,424	34,684 48,034	123,214 (504)	21,502	6,650 21,839	186,936 186,936 4,264	372,275 6,751
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from other funds Transfers (to) other funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balance	118,424	48,034	(504)	21,502	21,839	4,264	6,751
Fund balances, beginning	557,809	11,784	14,172	3	24,156	21,433	85,914
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 676,233	\$ 59,818	\$ 13,668	\$ 21,505	\$ 45,995	\$ 25,697	\$ 92,665

Hightower Liftstation Fund	Northeast Oyster Creek Service Area Fund	Mustang Bayou Service Area Fund	Development Authority Fund	TIRZ #1 Fund	TIRZ #2 Fund	PID #2 Fund	PID #3 Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 5,684 5,684	\$ 166,764 166,764	\$	\$	\$ 45,835 450 46,285	\$ 42,116 3,650 45,766	\$ 10,004 10,004	\$	\$ 481,551 782,068 1,263,619
3,004	100,704			40,203	43,700	10,004		1,203,017
			70,132	280	51,265	10,000		138,327 157,898
5,684	225,758	11,961						615,678 45,047
	225.750	11.061		200		10.000		186,936
5,684	225,758	11,961	70,132	280	51,265	10,000		1,143,886
	(58,994)	(11,961)	(70,132)	46,005	(5,499)	4		119,733
		11,961	70,132	54,421	663,319	17,533	17,533	834,899
		11,961	70,132	(17,533) 36,888	(17,533) 645,786	(17,533)	(17,533)	(70,132) 764,767
		11,901	70,132	30,000	043,780			/04,/0/
	(58,994)			82,893	640,287	4		884,500
	143,672			43,338	10,880			913,161
\$	\$ 84,678	\$	\$	\$ 126,231	\$ 651,167	\$ 4	\$	\$ 1,797,661

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

June 30, 2004

	ortificates of bligation Fund	Regional Wastewater Construction Fund	Regional Wastewater Phase II Fund	MUD #46 Liftsation/ Forcemain Fund
<u>Assets</u>	 			
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 726,214	\$	\$	\$
Investments	194,131			
Total Assets	\$ 920,345	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 684	\$	\$	\$
Total Liabilities	684			
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances	55,322			
Fund balances:				
Unreserved	864,339			
Total Fund Balances	919,661			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 920,345	\$	\$	\$

Mustang Bayou Interim Wastewater Fund		Mu —	stang Bayou Water Facility Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds				
\$	86,019 22,995 109,014	\$	1,230,283 328,879 1,559,162	\$	2,042,516 546,005 2,588,521			
\$		\$		\$	684 684			
					55,322			
	109,014		1,559,162		2,532,515			
	109,014		1,559,162	Φ.	2,587,837			
\$	109,014	\$	1,559,162	\$	2,588,521			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Certificate of Obligation Fund		Regional Wastewater Construction Fund		Regional Wastewater Phase II Fund		MUD #46 Liftsation/ Forcemain Fund	
Revenues	•			• • • • •	•	4.0	•	
Other	\$	17,553	\$	24,811	\$	19	\$	110,295
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		925,609				1,130		360,208
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(908,056)		24,811		(1,111)		(249,913)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (to) other funds			((381,784)		(2,356)		(186,295)
Proceeds of long term debt				(201 504)		(2.2.5.6)		(106005)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(381,784)		(2,356)		(186,295)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(908,056)	((356,973)		(3,467)		(436,208)
Fund balances, beginning	1,	827,717		356,973		3,467		436,208
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	919,661	\$		\$		\$	

stang Bayou Interim astewater Fund	Mu	stang Bayou Water Facility Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital ojects Funds
\$ 2,459	\$	85,997	\$ 241,134
 150,663		26,835	 1,464,445
 (148,204)		59,162	 (1,223,311)
		1,500,000 1,500,000	(570,435) 1,500,000 929,565
(148,204)		1,559,162	(293,746)
257,218			 2,881,583
\$ 109,014	\$	1,559,162	\$ 2,587,837

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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				2004				
December Transport I December 2		Final Budget		GAAP Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		2003 GAAP Actual
Property Taxes and Penalties	ø	10 201 222	ď	10 220 022	¢	(152 100)	ď	0.277.555
Property taxes - current	\$	10,391,222	\$	10,238,023	\$	(153,199)	\$	9,377,555
Property taxes - delinquent		275,000		420,023		145,023		332,679
Penalties and interest		130,000		145,481		15,481		167,579
Cash/over & under				(15)		(15)		(1,340)
Rollbacks - current		4 000		2,823		2,823		1,668
Rollbacks - delinquent		1,000		6,328		5,328		80,664
Attorney fees		74,000		109,169		35,169		86,388
Tax forfeitures		50,000		49,974		(26)		63,903
Misc. tax revenue		10,000		17,500		7,500		16,500
HCC reimb-tax collection		30,000		25,865		(4,135)		24,975
		10,961,222		11,015,171		53,949		10,150,571
Other Taxes								
City retail sales tax		3,960,000		3,855,495		(104,505)		3,644,315
State beverage tax		17,000		17,011		11		18,810
Tax certificates		2,000		3,250		1,250		2,450
Miscellaneous taxes		50				(50)		
		3,979,050		3,875,756		(103,294)		3,665,575
Licenses and Permits		_						
Zoning variances		15,000		300		(14,700)		11,982
Zoning amendments		5,000		24,190		19,190		5,648
Plat fees		120,678		130,387		9,709		138,331
Recall inspection fees		130,000		93,900		(36,100)		121,040
General fire inspection		11,000		7,825		(3,175)		15,350
Building permits		800,000		656,355		(143,645)		810,896
Change of occupant		4,000		6,450		2,450		4,113
Plumbing permits		135,000		138,511		3,511		145,536
Electrical permits		160,000		152,745		(7,255)		167,223
Air conditioning permits		38,000		35,553		(2,447)		41,085
Pool permits		6,000		5,250		(750)		7,950
Sign permits		11,300		14,370		3,070		12,990
Electrical licenses		39,000		39,430		430		38,275
Plan check fees		370,000		328,161		(41,839)		386,747
After hour inspections		42,000		37,505		(4,495)		41,950
Liquor licenses		6,500		3,891		(2,609)		4,561
Solicitor's licenses		1,800		1,200		(2,000) (600)		1,700
Infrastructure fees		250,000		379,070		129,070		224,425
Health permits		45,000		51,744		6,744		49,762
<u> </u>								
Housing code		25,000		52,750		27,750		24,900
After hours inspection		10,000		29,422		19,422		28,454
Sienna inspection fee		35,000		42,516		7,516		32,232
Contractor registration fee		110,000		65,145		(44,855)		85,190
Design review fee		14,000		22,434		8,434		22,845
Public works plan review fee		25,000		41,523		16,523		27,713
Riverstone inspection fee	Φ.	2 400 270	ф	14,200	Φ.	14,200	ф	2 450 000
	\$	2,409,278	\$	2,374,827	\$	(34,451)	\$	2,450,898

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2004						\$
		Final Budget		GAAP Actual	I	ariance Positive Jegative)	2003 GAAP Actual
Fines and Forfeitures							
Fines	\$	636,200	\$	614,844	\$	(21,356)	\$ 512,476
Warrant fees		105,000		66,054		(38,946)	84,964
Def. driving/ins.fees		14,000		15,035		1,035	10,400
Administrative and other fees		94,630		140,688		46,058	106,206
		849,830		836,621		(13,209)	714,046
Franchise Fees							
Gas		240,000		283,626		43,626	247,714
Telephone		350,000		318,007		(31,993)	319,677
Electric utility		1,800,000		1,705,853		(94,147)	1,617,949
Cable television		330,000		365,778		35,778	321,888
		2,720,000		2,673,264		(46,736)	2,507,228
Intergovernmental Revenues							
Grants		1,500		39,657		38,157	9,992
Fire department		140,000		130,239		(9,761)	144,066
Animal Control-Stafford		12,000		11,780		(220)	12,000
Sta-Mo lease reimbursement		20,000		10,849		(9,151)	20,940
2.00 2.20 2.002 2.0022 3.00	\$	173,500	\$	192,525	\$	19,025	\$ 186,998

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2004		
	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Variance Positive Negative)	2003 GAAP Actual
Other Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,536	\$ 536	\$ 28,489
Cash over/under - cashiers		(698)	(698)	(261)
Maps		17	17	5
Rec leisure classes	52,500	30,325	(22,175)	27,686
Athletic league fees	30,000	20,739	(9,261)	18,725
Recreation center fees	33,000	31,240	(1,760)	31,909
Special events	30,000	19,837	(10,163)	26,906
MCTV sponsorships	6,000	4,570	(1,430)	6,500
Facilities rental	96,800	86,487	(10,313)	86,017
Other	35,000	38,446	3,446	112,860
NSF check allowance	500	825	325	875
Sale of salvage	25,000	41,909	16,909	80
Insurance reimbursements	30,000	50,450	20,450	32,953
Missouri City history books	80		(80)	
False alarm fees	99,000	77,010	(21,990)	76,594
Alarm permit fees	220,000	221,429	1,429	211,155
Recycling	1,000	2,177	1,177	1,869
Solid waste collections	24,000	98,174	74,174	63,504
Police dept misc	3,000	24,802	21,802	16,591
Animal license fees	4,500	3,815	(685)	1,729
Donations	2,000	14,243	12,243	2,342
Fire department miscellaneous	1,000	1,791	791	(76)
Parks department misc				320
Engineering/street dept misc	1,000	4,500	3,500	3,214
EMS billings	220,000	111,686	(108,314)	114,210
Fire seminars			, , ,	1,500
Late fees	20,000	17,027	(2,973)	68,029
Paver protectors	100	100	() /	580
Purchasing miscellaneous	1,000	1,000		2,812
Sienna Fire District pmts	145,000	183,315	38,315	140,903
•	1,130,480	1,135,752	5,272	1,078,020
Total Revenues	\$ 22,223,360	\$ 22,103,916	\$ (119,444)	\$ 20,753,336

City of Missouri City, Texas GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Accounting Control Budget	2003 Prior Year Encumbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2003 GAAP Actual
General Government								
Council and Management	\$ 360.595		e 260.505	e 227.266	0	e 227.266	e 22.220	e 241.570
Personnel Commodities			\$ 360,595	\$ 337,366	\$	\$ 337,366	\$ 23,229	\$ 341,578
Contractual services	20,589		20,375	18,439	(66)	18,373	2,002	19,634
Other services	175,306 63,190		159,060 62,100	152,001 55,745	(16,246) 6,110	135,755 61,855	23,305 245	274,662 49,000
Other services	619.680		602,100	563,551	(10,202)	553,349	48.781	684,874
City Secretary	019,080	(17,330)	002,130	303,331	(10,202)	333,349	40,701	004,074
Personnel	250,930)	250,930	244,101		244,101	6,829	229,357
Commodities	13,421		12.152	10.421	(922)	9,499	2,653	14,434
Contractual services	66,000		65,015	65,263	(985)	64,278	737	56,248
Other services	52,000		51,340	51,046	(660)	50,386	954	37,492
	382,351	(2,914)	379,437	370,831	(2,567)	368,264	11,173	337,531
Human Resources					·			
Personnel	168,446	,)	168,446	167,675		167,675	771	129,673
Commodities	15,393	(363)	15,030	11,734	(271)	11,463	3,567	7,593
Contractual services	108,747	(31,731)	77,016	71,463	(1,731)	69,732	7,284	79,748
Other services	54,400		54,400	25,575	3,250	28,825	25,575	32,151
	346,986	(32,094)	314,892	276,447	1,248	277,695	37,197	249,165
Legal				·				
Personnel	277,026		277,026	250,771		250,771	26,255	247,753
Commodities	17,147		15,876	6,821	(1,228)	5,593	10,283	11,479
Contractual services	224,489		116,920	216,873	(100,695)	116,178	742	149,035
Other services	15,963		14,890	14,904	(798)	14,106	784	12,655
W 16	534,625	(109,913)	424,712	489,369	(102,721)	386,648	38,064	420,922
Municipal Court	210.202		210.205	206.066		206.066	12.210	102.517
Personnel Commodities	219,285		219,285	206,066	(1.007)	206,066	13,219 552	193,517
Contractual services	14,000		12,903	13,448	(1,097) 125	12,351	8.960	8,515
Other services	215,324 9,234		215,324 7,840	206,239 7,382	(1,394)	206,364 5,988	8,960 1,852	154,783 4,799
Other services	457,843		455,352	433,135	(2,366)	430,769	24,583	361,614
Total General Government	\$ 2,341,485	\$ (164,962)	\$ 2,176,523	\$ 2,133,333	\$ (116,608)	\$ 2,016,725	\$ 159,798	\$ 2,054,106

City of Missouri City, Texas GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

						2004							
	Cor	unting itrol dget	2003 Prior Year Encumbrances		Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments		Budgetary Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		 2003 GAAP Actual
Finance													
Budget and Administration													
Personnel		92,462	\$		\$ 192,462	\$ 167,909	\$		\$	167,909	\$	24,553	\$ 203,707
Commodities		43,164		(364)	42,800	9,628		2,855		12,483		30,317	9,165
Contractual services		82,430		(2,700)	179,730	172,488		(2,700)		169,788		9,942	89,080
Other services		16,527		(722)	 15,805	 5,061		2,334		7,395		8,410	 6,357
	4	34,583		(3,786)	 430,797	 355,086		2,489		357,575		73,222	 308,309
Purchasing and Central Stor	res												
Personnel	1	39,105			139,105	117,035				117,035		22,070	129,912
Commodities		7,083		(149)	6,934	4,234		(56)		4,178		2,756	4,964
Contractual services		60,665		(1,405)	59,260	57,191		(1,405)		55,786		3,474	53,921
Other services		10,675			10,675	4,719				4,719		5,956	5,225
	2	17,528		(1,554)	215,974	183,179		(1,461)		181,718		34,256	194,022
Accounting													
Personnel	6	72,582			672,582	621,389				621,389		51,193	711,817
Commodities		61,891		(1,347)	60,544	44,273		(675)		43,598		16,946	57,203
Contractual services	4	56,047		(13,572)	442,475	454,250		(13,572)		440,678		1,797	293,956
Other services		21,913		(2,538)	19,375	13,632		(2,538)		11,094		8,281	24,351
	1,2	12,433		(17,457)	1,194,976	1,133,544		(16,785)		1,116,759		78,217	1,087,327
Total Finance	\$ 1,8	64,544	\$	(22,797)	\$ 1,841,747	\$ 1,671,809	\$	(15,757)	\$	1,656,052	\$	185,695	\$ 1,589,658

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Accounting Control Budget	2003 Prior Year Encumbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2003 GAAP Actual
Police								
Police Administration								
Personnel	\$ 581,826	\$	\$ 581,826	\$ 516,589	\$	516,589	65,237	\$ 591,418
Commodities	60,617	(1,229)	59,388	53,458	4,046	57,504	1,884	46,437
Contractual services	84,000	/4 40es	84,000	82,958	44.400	82,958	1,042	74,102
Other services	19,282 745,725	(1,482)	17,800 743,014	15,223	(1,482) 2,564	13,741 670,792	4,059 72,222	27,295 739,252
Animal Control	143,723	(2,/11)	743,014	008,228	2,304	070,792	12,222	139,232
Personnel	133,601		133,601	134,095		134,095	(494)	121,254
Commodities	23,200		23,200	22,858		22,858	342	15,755
Contractual services	17,745		17,745	17,537		17,537	208	18,789
Other services	1,500		1,500	841		841	659	675
	176,046		176,046	175,331		175,331	715	156,473
Support Services								
Personnel	1,015,642		1,015,642	1,006,567		1,006,567	9,075	941,592
Commodities	48,460	(1,127)	47,333	35,921	(708)	35,213	12,120	32,886
Contractual services	182,968	(685)	182,283	167,118	3,032	170,150	12,133	157,864
Other services	16,125	(1,675)	14,450	15,971	(1,675)	14,296	154	12,165
	1,263,195	(3,487)	1,259,708	1,225,577	649	1,226,226	33,482	1,144,507
Criminal Investigation	1 000 476		1 000 456	1 000 700		1 000 500	7.700	1 027 060
Personnel	1,098,476	(# 0.40)	1,098,476	1,090,708	/= aa=	1,090,708	7,768	1,037,969
Commodities	97,494	(5,943)	91,551	95,424	(5,327)	90,097	1,454	75,043
Contractual services	134,966	/=o=	134,966	134,575	(=o=)	134,575	391	125,831
Other services	23,486	(787)	22,699	22,561	(787)	21,774	925	14,507
Capital outlay	17,000		17,000	14,588		14,588	2,412	17,049
Patrol	1,371,422	(6,730)	1,364,692	1,357,856	(6,114)	1,351,742	12,950	1,270,399
Personnel	2,396,341		2,396,341	2,374,074		2,374,074	22,267	2,174,554
Commodities	418,608	(6,335)	412,273	403,714	6,901	410,615		, ,
Contractual services		. , ,	,		,	,	1,658 42	303,552 220,080
Other services	245,468	(5)	245,463	245,426	(5)	245,421		
	12,816	(1,816)	11,000	10,957	(1,816)	9,141	1,859	11,214
Capital outlay	106,135	(0.150)	106,135	106,044	5.000	39,867	66,268	39,867
	3,179,368	(8,156)	3,171,212	3,140,215	5,080	3,079,118	92,094	2,749,267
Total Police	\$ 6,735,756	\$ (21,084)	\$ 6,714,672	\$ 6,567,207	\$ 2,179	\$ 6,503,209	\$ 211,463	\$ 6,059,898

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	A	Counting Control Budget		2003 rior Year sumbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	umbrance ustments	В	udgetary Actual	F	ariance Positive (egative)	2003 GAAP Actual
<u>Fire</u>												
Fire Administration												
Personnel	\$	177,388	\$		\$ 177,388	\$ 176,881	\$ 	\$	176,881		507	\$ 170,789
Commodities		20,798		(2,340)	18,458	20,164	(2,080)		18,084		374	16,997
Contractual services		43,366			43,366	42,964			42,964		402	40,657
Other services		1,500			1,500	1,693	(300)		1,393		107	1,777
Capital outlay		25,065			 25,065	 21,629	 3,365		24,994		71	
		268,117		(2,340)	 265,777	 263,331	 985		264,316		1,461	 230,220
Fire Prevention												
Personnel		140,574			140,574	125,991			125,991		14,583	171,653
Commodities		30,091		(633)	29,458	28,140	370		28,510		948	18,974
Contractual services		28,887			28,887	28,756			28,756		131	26,861
Other services		12,369		(259)	12,110	 10,892	 (259)		10,633		1,477	 3,518
		211,921		(892)	211,029	 193,779	111		193,890		17,139	 221,006
Fire Training												
Personnel		85,803			85,803	82,498			82,498		3,305	82,274
Commodities		14,313			14,313	13,348			13,348		965	10,664
Contractual services		14,786			14,786	13,982			13,982		804	14,547
Other services		62,375		(4,175)	58,200	 56,469	 1,655		58,124		76	 52,149
		177,277		(4,175)	173,102	 166,297	 1,655		167,952		5,150	 159,634
Fire Operations												
Personnel		3,406,426			3,406,426	3,374,789			3,374,789		31,637	2,990,303
Commodities		260,252		(10,666)	249,586	241,109	7,814		248,923		663	237,582
Contractual services		329,057		(794)	328,263	328,786	(706)		328,080		183	322,690
Other services		15,500			15,500	15,418			15,418		82	16,409
Capital outlay		35,100			 35,100	35,050			35,050		50	
		4,046,335	_	(11,460)	 4,034,875	3,995,152	 7,108		4,002,260		32,615	3,566,984
Total Fire	\$	4,703,650	\$	(18,867)	\$ 4,684,783	\$ 4,618,559	\$ 9,859	\$	4,628,418	\$	56,365	\$ 4,177,844

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	A	2003		2004			V	2003
	Accounting Control Budget	Prior Year Encumbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	GAAP Actual
Public Works Engineering								
Personnel	\$ 901,090	\$	\$ 901,090	\$ 897,676	\$	897,676	3,414	\$ 829,773
Commodities	54,866	(175)	54,691	52,815	15	52,830	1,861	37,224
Contractual services	253,894	(1,271)	252,623	248,000	4,797	252,797	(174)	278,078
Other services	15,299	(1,079)	14,220	8,819	(1,079)	7,740	6,480	11,886
Capital outlay	33,000		33,000	32,727		32,727	273	16,992
	1,258,149	(2,525)	1,255,624	1,240,037	3,733	1,243,770	11,854	1,173,953
Streets, Drainage, and Traff	fic							
Control								
Personnel	898,045		898,045	820,202		820,202	77,843	773,428
Commodities	415,239	(38,367)	376,872	342,822	(34,436)	308,386	68,486	277,262
Contractual services	344,648	(33,328)	311,320	225,259	(2,192)	223,067	88,253	265,651
Other services	446,727	(412)	446,315	236,197	(412)	235,785	210,530	420,121
Capital outlay								65,693
	2,104,659	(72,107)	2,032,552	1,624,480	(37,040)	1,587,440	445,112	1,802,155
Total Public Works	3,362,808	(74,632)	3,288,176	2,864,517	(33,307)	2,831,210	456,966	2,976,108
Parks and Recreation Parks								
Personnel	614,348		614,348	614,241		614,241	107	577,397
Commodities	175,109	(7,079)	168,030	165,372	(5,700)	159,672	8,358	134,962
Contractual services	435,439	(14,643)	420.796	357,791	9,189	366,980	53,816	449,793
Other services	4,000	(11,013)	4,000	2,188	,,10)	2,188	1,812	2,238
Capital outlay	1,000		1,000	2,100		2,100	1,012	29,646
Cupital Gallay	1.228.896	(21,722)	1.207.174	1.139.592	3,489	1.143.081	64.093	1.194.036
Recreation	1,220,070	(21,722)	1,207,171	1,107,072		1,115,001	0.,075	1,171,050
Personnel	355,189		355,189	320,493		320,493	34,696	312,303
Commodities	169,398	(10,324)	159,074	147,765	170	147,935	11,139	123,107
Contractual services	175,897	(843)	175,054	157,256	(843)	156,413	18,641	150,912
Other services	9,719	(269)	9,450	8,292	(269)	8,023	1.427	14,311
	710,203	(11,436)	698,767	633,806	(942)	632,864	65,903	600,633
Media Relations								
Personnel	175,325		175,325	146,010		146,010	29,315	151,107
Commodities	22,963		22,963	22,441	74	22,515	448	6,872
Contractual services	23,808	(716)	23,092	19,669	(216)	19,453	3,639	9,165
Other services Capital outlay	2,091	(491)	1,600	455	(491)	(36)	1,636	1,053 13,414
Capital Outlay	224,187	(1,207)	222,980	188,575	(633)	187,942	35,038	181,611
Total Parks and Recreation	\$ 2,163,286	\$ (34,365)	\$ 2,128,921	\$ 1,961,973	\$ 1,914	\$ 1,963,887	\$ 165,034	\$ 1,976,280

City of Missouri City, Texas GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

								2004								
	•	counting Control Budget	Pri	2003 for Year mbrances		Final Budget		GAAP Actual		cumbrance ljustments		ıdgetary Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)		2003 GAAP Actual
<u>Planning</u>																
Planning																
Personnel	\$	483,226	\$		\$	483,226	\$	471,670	\$		\$	471,670	\$	11,556	\$	418,525
Commodities		14,359		(375)		13,984		12,447		1,287		13,734		250		14,898
Contractual services		79,065				79,065		78,953				78,953		112		59,835
Other services		14,075		(2.7.5)		14,075		14,044		1.207		14,044		31		10,875
T		590,725		(375)		590,350		577,114		1,287		578,401		11,949		504,133
Inspection		505 070				505 070		500.007				500.007		(4.000)		(02.05(
Personnel Commodities		595,078 60,596				595,078		599,987 60,220		271		599,987 60.491		(4,909) 105		693,856 36.623
Contractual services		180,780		(7,927)		60,596 172,853		175,568		(3,827)		171,741		1,112		189,702
Other services		15,580		(800)		14,780		15,511		(800)		14,711		69		12,087
Capital outlay		14,588		(800)		14,780		14,588		(800)		14,711		09		17,941
Capital outlay	_	866,622		(8,727)	_	857,895	_	865,874		(4,356)	_	861,518		(3,623)		950,209
Code Enforcement																
Personnel		217,918				217,918		213,578				213,578		4,340		
Commodities		14,829				14,829		12,553		108		12,661		2,168		
Contractual services		17,266				17,266		15,232				15,232		2,034		
Other services		3,700				3,700		3,003				3,003		697		
		253,713				253,713		244,366		108		244,474		9,239		
Total Planning		1,711,060		(9,102)		1,701,958		1,687,354	_	(2,961)		1,684,393		17,565		1,454,342
Total Expenditures	\$ 2	2,882,589	\$	(345,809)	\$ 2	22,536,780	\$ 2	21,504,752	\$	(154,681)	\$ 2	1,283,894	\$ 1	,252,886	\$ 2	20,288,236

PARK LAND DEDICATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

					2004				
	(counting Control Budget	2003 rior Year umbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	 umbrance justments	udgetary Actual]	ariance Positive legative)
Revenues									
Other	\$	8,000	\$ 	\$ 8,000	\$ 163,471	\$ 	\$ 163,471	\$	155,471
Total Revenues		8,000		8,000	163,471		 163,471		155,471
Expenditures Current:									
		210 152	(17.500)	200 (52	45.047	(11.522)	22.514		267 120
Parks and recreation		318,152	 (17,500)	 300,652	 45,047	 (11,533)	 33,514		267,138
Total Expenditures		318,152	 (17,500)	 300,652	 45,047	 (11,533)	 33,514		267,138
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(310,152)	 17,500	 (292,652)	 118,424	 11,533	 129,957		422,609
Fund balances, beginning		557,809		 557,809	 557,809		 557,809		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	247,657		\$ 265,157	\$ 676,233		\$ 687,766	\$	422,609

LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

			2004			
	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	umbrance justments	idgetary Actual	P	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 61,381	\$ 82,448	\$	\$ 82,448	\$	21,067
Other	300	270		270		(30)
Total Revenues	61,681	 82,718		82,718		21,037
Expenditures						
Current:						
Police	46,000	34,684	10,425	45,109		10,425
Total Expenditures	46,000	34,684	10,425	45,109		10,425
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 15,681	 48,034	 (10,425)	 37,609		31,462
Fund balances, beginning	 11,784	 11,784		 11,784		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 27,465	\$ 59,818		\$ 49,393	\$	31,462

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

						2004				
	(counting Control Budget	Prio	003 or Year nbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	ıdgetary Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	63,775	\$		\$ 63,775	\$ 70,355		\$ 70,355	\$	6,580
Other		52,487			52,487	52,355		52,355		(132)
Total Revenues		116,262			 116,262	122,710		 122,710		6,448
Expenditures Current:										
Police		117,094		(832)	116,262	123,214	(832)	122,382		(6,120)
Total Expenditures		117,094		(832)	116,262	123,214	(832)	122,382		(6,120)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(832)		832		 (504)	832	 328		328
Fund balances, beginning		14,172			 14,172	 14,172		 14,172		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	13,340			\$ 14,172	\$ 13,668		\$ 14,500	\$	328

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

				2004			
	Accounting Control Budget	2003 Prior Year Encumbrances	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 360,700	\$	\$ 360,700	\$ 191,200	\$	\$ 191,200	\$ (169,500)
Total Revenues	360,700		360,700	191,200		191,200	(169,500)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Planning	378,300	(17,600)	360,700	186,936	4,208	191,144	169,556
Total Expenditures	378,300	(17,600)	360,700	186,936	4,208	191,144	169,556
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(17,600)	17,600		4,264	(4,208)	56	56
Fund balances, beginning	21,433		21,433	21,433		21,433	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 3,833		\$ 21,433	\$ 25,697		\$ 21,489	\$ 56

REGIONAL WASTEWATER OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues				
Other	\$ 426,770	\$ 379,026	\$ (47,744)	
Total Revenues	426,770	379,026	(47,744)	
Expenditures			<u> </u>	
Current:				
Public works	370,660	372,275	(1,615)	
Total Expenditures	370,660	372,275	(1,615)	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	56,110	6,751	(49,359)	
Fund balances, beginning	85,914	85,914		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 142,024	\$ 92,665	\$ (49,359)	

HIGHTOWER LIFSTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2004					
	Final Budget		GAAP Actual		P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues						
Other	\$	7,792	\$	5,684	\$	(2,108)
Total Revenues		7,792		5,684		(2,108)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works		7,792		5,684		2,108
Total Expenditures		7,792		5,684		2,108
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures						
Fund balances, beginning						
Fund Balances, Ending	\$		\$		\$	

LEXINGTON SQUARE WATER/SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2004								
	Final Budget		GAAP Actual						Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues									
Other	\$ 434	1,529 \$	166,764	\$	(267,765)				
Total Revenues	434	1,529	166,764		(267,765)				
Expenditures Current:									
Public works	212	2,845	225,758		(12,913)				
Total Expenditures		2,845	225,758		(12,913)				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	221	1,684	(58,994)		(280,678)				
Fund balances, beginning	143	3,672	143,672						
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 365	5,356 \$	84,678	\$	(280,678)				

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2004	
	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$
Total Revenues			
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	61,002	70,132	(9,130)
Total Expenditures	61,002	70,132	(9,130)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(61,002)	(70,132)	(9,130)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers from other funds	61,002	70,132	9,130
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	61,002	70,132	9,130
Net Change in Fund Balance			
Fund balances, beginning			
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	\$	\$

TIRZ #1 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2004				
	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,943,730	\$ 45,835	\$ (1,897,895)		
Other	. , ,	450	450		
Total Revenues	1,943,730	46,285	(1,897,445)		
Expenditures Current:					
General government	1,935,436	280	1,935,156		
Total Expenditures	1,935,436	280	1,935,156		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	8,294	46,005	37,711		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	7,580	54,421	46,841		
Transfers (to) other funds	(15,630)	(17,533)	(1,903)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,050)	36,888	44,938		
Net Change in Fund Balance	244	82,893	82,649		
Fund balances, beginning	43,338	43,338			
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 43,582	\$ 126,231	\$ 82,649		

TIRZ #2 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

			2004		
	Final Budget	GAAP Actual	Encumbrance Adjustments	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,118,391	\$ 42,116		\$ 42,116	\$ (3,076,275)
Other		3,650		3,650	3,650
Total Revenues	3,118,391	45,766		45,766	(3,072,625)
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	2,721,080	51,265	586,617	637,882	2,083,198
Total Expenditures	2,721,080	51,265	586,617	637,882	2,083,198
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	397,311	(5,499)	(586,617)	(592,116)	(989,427)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	15,668	663,319		663,319	647,651
Transfers (to) other funds	(299,502)	(17,533)		(17,533)	281,969
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(283,834)	645,786		645,786	929,620
Change in Fund Balance	113,477	640,287	(586,617)	53,670	(59,807)
Fund balances, beginning	10,880	10,880		10,880	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 124,357	\$ 651,167		\$ 64,550	\$ (59,807)

PID #2 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2004				
	Final Budget	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Other revenue	\$ 3,031,246	\$ 10,004	\$ (3,021,242)		
Total Revenues	3,031,246	10,004	(3,021,242)		
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,031,246	10,000	3,021,246		
Total Expenditures	3,031,246	10,000	3,021,246		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		4	4		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	15,251	17,533	2,282		
Transfers (to) other funds	(15,251)	(17,533)	(2,282)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Change in Fund Balance		4	4		
Fund balances, beginning					
Fund balances, Ending	\$	\$ 4	\$ 4		

DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,581,287 422,708	\$ 1,016,696 272,871
Receivables:	.==,,, 00	272,071
Property taxes	326,750	349,664
Less: Allowance for estimated uncollectibles	(21,094)	(33,299)
Other receivables		3,592
Total Assets	\$ 2,309,651	\$ 1,609,524
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,950	\$ 2,700
Deferred revenue	305,656	249,880
Total Liabilities	307,606	252,580
Fund Balance		
Unreserved:		
Designated for debt service	2,002,045	1,356,944
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 2,309,651	\$ 1,609,524

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DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2004				
	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		2003 Actual
Revenues						
Property Taxes and Penalties:						
Property taxes - current	\$ 4,554,695	\$ 4,502,465	\$	(52,230)	\$	3,800,612
Property taxes - delinquent	115,000	170,565		55,565		134,841
Rollbacks - current		1,144		1,144		676
Rollbacks - delinquent	500	2,778		2,278		35,797
Penalties and interest	52,700	61,593		8,893		68,720
	4,722,895	4,738,545		15,650		4,040,646
Other Revenues -						
Investment earnings	10,000	50,945		40,945		36,762
Total Revenues	4,732,895	 4,789,490		56,595		4,077,408
Expenditures Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	2,720,188	2,717,982		2,206		2,453,211
Interest	1,400,651	1,400,537		114		1,515,190
Fiscal agent fees	7,000	 3,450		3,550		3,700
Total Expenditures	4,127,839	4,121,969		5,870		3,972,101
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	605,056	 667,521	_	62,465	_	105,307
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer (to) TIRZ 1 Fund	(2,186)	(15,695)		(13,509)		(2,133)
Transfer (to) TIRZ 2 Fund	(4,519)	(6,725)		(2,206)		(4,409)
Total Other Financing		<u> </u>	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sources/(Uses)	(6,705)	 (22,420)		(15,715)		(6,542)
Change in Fund Balance	598,351	645,101		46,750		98,765
Fund Balance - beginning	1,356,944	1,356,944				1,258,179
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,955,295	\$ 2,002,045	\$	46,750	\$	1,356,944

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2004

	Fleet Maintenance Fund		MIS Maintenance Fund		ce Maintenance M		Maintenance Maintenance M		Maintenance Maintenance Maint		uilding intenance Fund
<u>Assets</u>											
Current Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,853	\$	42,181	\$	21,849					
Investments		4,238		11,276		5,841					
Receivables:											
Other net of allowance account						16,748					
Inventories		34,076									
Total Current Assets		54,167		53,457		44,438					
Noncurrent Assets:											
Capital Assets:											
Equipment											
Less accumulated depreciation											
Total Capital Assets											
Total Assets	\$	54,167	\$	53,457	\$	44,438					
<u>Liabilities</u>											
Current Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	35,808	\$	24,588	\$	33,983					
Total Current Liabilities		35,808		24,588		33,983					
Noncurrent Liabilities:											
Accrued compensated absences		18,387		16,007		9,787					
Total Liabilities		54,195		40,595		43,770					
Net Assets											
Invested in capital assets											
Unrestricted		(28)		12,862		668					
Total Net Assets		(28)		12,862		668					
		()		,	-						
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	54,167	\$	53,457	\$	44,438					

Fleet Asset eplacement Fund	IIS Asset placement Fund		Total
 _	_		
\$ 961,476	\$ 326,661	\$ 1	,368,020
257,021	87,323		365,699
•	•		ŕ
			16,748
			34,076
1,218,497	413,984	1	,784,543
5,828,860	1,957,060	7	7,785,920
(3,099,175)	(1,026,950)		,126,125)
2,729,685	930,110		,659,795
\$ 3,948,182	\$ 1,344,094		5,444,338
, ,			, ,
\$	\$	\$	94,379
			94,379
			AA 101
 	 		44,181 138,560
 	 		130,300
2 520 605	000 110	_	
2,729,685	930,110		5,659,795
 1,218,497	 413,984		,645,983
 3,948,182	 1,344,094	5	5,305,778
\$ 3,948,182	\$ 1,344,094	\$ 5	5,444,338

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Fleet Maintenance Fund	MIS Maintenance Fund	Building Maintenance Fund
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 541,602	\$ 984,207	\$ 539,078
Miscellaneous reimbursements			
Total Operating Revenues	541,602	984,207	539,078
Operating Expenses			
Cost of sales and services	584,443	982,421	580,192
Depreciation	,	•	•
Total Operating Expenses	584,443	982,421	580,192
Operating Income (Loss)	(42,841)	1,786	(41,114)
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment earnings	1,613	872	748
(Loss) on sale of capital assets	,		
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	1,613	872	748
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(41,228)	2,658	(40,366)
Contributions and Transfers			
Capital contributions - governmental funds			
Transfers in			13,032
Transfers (out)	(151,279)		(12,057)
Total Contributions and Transfers	(151,279)	(27,508)	975
Change in Net Assets	(192,507)	(24,850)	(39,391)
Net assets, beginning	192,479	37,712	40,059
Net Assets, Ending	\$ (28)	\$ 12,862	\$ 668

	Tleet Asset	M Rej		T. 4 J.	
	Fund		Fund		Total
\$	224,984	\$	74,445		2,364,316
	9,912				9,912
_	234,896		74,445		2,374,228
					2,147,056
	451,451		300,927		752,378
	451,451		300,927	_	2,899,434
	(216,555)		(226,482)		(525,206)
	4,220		1,974		9,427
	(49,002)		,		(49,002)
	(44,782)		1,974		(39,575)
	(261,337)		(224,508)		(564,781)
	, , ,		, ,		, ,
	177 470		264.000		5.41.571
	177,472		364,099		541,571
	349,492		9,443		371,967
			(337,435)		(528,279)
	526,964		36,107		385,259
	265 627		(100 /01)		(170 522)
	265,627		(188,401)		(179,522)
	3,682,555		1,532,495		5,485,300
\$	3,948,182	\$	1,344,094	\$	5,305,778

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Fleet Maintenance Fund	MIS Maintenance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 543,067	\$ 985,304
Receipts from reimbursements	(217.401)	(4(7.710)
Disbursed for personnel services Disbursed for goods and services to suppliers	(217,401)	(467,718)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(381,924) (56,258)	(531,269)
	(30,238)	(13,683)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds		
Transfer (to) other funds	(151,279)	(27,508)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	$\frac{(151,279)}{(151,279)}$	$\frac{(27,508)}{(27,508)}$
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities	(101,277)	(=7,800)
Purchases of equipment		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest received	1,613	872
Purchase of investments	(1,954,364)	(1,954,364)
Proceeds from disposition of investments	2,061,430	2,026,410
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	108,679	72,918
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(98,858)	31,727
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	114,711	10,454
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 15,853	\$ 42,181
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (42,841)	\$ 1,786
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
used by operating activities:		
Depreciation		
(Increase) decrease in account receivable	1,465	1,097
Decrease in due from other funds		
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(11,487)	
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(4,989)	(12,535)
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences payable	1,594	(4,031)
Total adjustments	(13,417)	(15,469)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (56,258)	\$ (13,683)

Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

Capital asset contributions from governmental funds

Building Maintenance Fund	Fleet Asset Replacement Fund	MIS Asset Replacement Fund	Total
\$ 522,530	\$ 899,984 9,912	\$ 749,445	\$ 3,700,330 9,912
(222,664) (345,821)			(907,783) (1,259,014)
(45,955)	909,896	749,445	1,543,445
13,032	349,492	9,443	371,967
<u>(12,057)</u> 975	349,492	(337,435) (327,992)	(528,279) (156,312)
	(45,111) (45,111)	(9,443) (9,443)	(54,554)
	(45,111)	(9,443)	(54,554)
748	4,220	1,974	9,427
(1,954,364)	(1,954,364)	(1,954,364)	(9,771,820)
1,963,742	1,697,343	1,867,041	9,615,966
10,126	(252,801)	(85,349)	(146,427)
(34,854)	961,476	326,661	1,186,152
56,703			181,868
\$ 21,849	\$ 961,476	\$ 326,661	\$ 1,368,020
\$ (41,114)	\$ (216,555)	\$ (226,482)	\$ (525,206)
(1 5 - 10)	451,451	300,927	752,378
(16,548)	(75,000	(75,000	(13,986)
	675,000	675,000	1,350,000
13,256			(11,487)
(1,549)			(4,268) (3,986)
$\frac{(1,349)}{(4,841)}$	1,126,451	975,927	2,068,651
\$ (45,955)	\$ 909,896	\$ 749,445	\$ 1,543,445
		261000	
	177,472	364,099	541,571

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2004

	Court Bond Coll		HCC Tax Collections Fund		Total	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,755	\$	19,470	\$	26,225
Investments				7,010		7,010
Receivables:						
Property taxes				117,809		117,809
Less: Allowance for estimated uncollectibles				(2,437)		(2,437)
Total Assets	\$	6,755	\$	141,852	\$	148,607
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Due to others	\$	6,755	\$	141,852	\$	148,607

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2004

	Court Bond Collection			ICC Tax ollections Fund			
Beginning balance Additions Reductions	\$	1,979 4,776	\$	148,358 2,191,448 (2,197,954)		150,337 2,196,224 2,197,954)	
Ending Balance	\$	6,755	\$	141,852	\$	148,607	

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE (1)

June 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004			2003
Governmental and Internal Service Funds Capital Assets:				_
Land	\$	9,829,020	\$	9,763,630
Buildings		17,087,151		17,080,389
Improvements other than buildings		3,409,471		3,409,471
Machinery and equipment		9,040,321		8,751,549
Infrastructure		19,447,234		18,678,134
Construction in progress		1,953,055		364,213
Total Governmental and Internal Service Funds				
Capital Assets	\$	60,766,252	\$	58,047,386
Investments in Governmental and Internal Service Funds				
Capital Assets by Source:				
General fund	\$	5,120,449	\$	5,266,964
Special revenue funds		3,949,942		3,857,912
Capital projects funds		41,590,607		39,202,855
Capital projects funds - Wastewater Treatment Plant		8,989,064		8,628,855
Donations		1,116,190		1,090,800
Total Governmental and Internal Service Funds				
Capital Assets	\$	60,766,252	\$	58,047,386

(1) - This schedule presents the capital asset balances related to both governmental and internal service funds. The internal service fund assets are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund capital assets include fleet and technology equipment maintained for asset replacement purposes in accordance with a multi-year asset procurement plan. The original balances of internal service fund capital assets were transferred from general governmental capital asset balances in the 2003 fiscal year. In future years, these internal service funds will provide funding for fleet and MIS equipment. At June 30, 2004, the internal service fund capital assets were as follows:

Fleet asset replacement fund	\$ 5,828,860
MIS asset replacement fund	1,957,060
	\$ 7,785,920

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

June 30, 2004

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings		Improver Other T Buildings Buildin		Machinery and Equipment	
General Government							
Council and management	\$ 8,358,260	\$	544,571	\$	56,890	\$	133,186
City secretary			94,026		10,113		115,419
Human resources			27,943		3,005		25,953
Legal			85,021		9,144		62,552
Municipal court			390,892				97,853
Computer services			490,929		14,435		
Finance							
Budget and administration			62,640		6,737		135,886
Purchasing and central store			385,042		12,035		73,481
Accounting			181,497		19,520		136,163
Police							
Police administration			319,505		27,533		393,101
Animal control			74,978		131,488		59,887
Support services			619,436		47,576		311,783
Criminal investigations			697,848		60,988		425,947
Patrol			1,483,264		145,520		861,709
Fire							
Fire administration			188,875		15,599		74,074
Fire prevention			89,099		7,038		86,937
Fire training			119,321		9,579		68,326
Fire operations			2,924,717		273,011		2,355,982
Public Works							
Engineering			319,947		36,669		251,419
Streets, drainage, and traffic control			1,434,156		330,842		1,703,624
Wastewater treatment plant	1,470,760		3,648,219		97,562		558,134
Fleet							19,571
Parks and Recreation							
Parks			993,491		2,079,874		488,424
Recreation			1,249,463		2,987		131,554
Building maintenance			10,227		1,595		70,580
Media relations			37,279		4,009		34,290
Planning							
Planning			346,731		513		100,905
Inspection			205,341		4,580		182,953
Code enforcement			62,693		629		80,628
Total	\$ 9,829,020	\$ 1	17,087,151	\$:	3,409,471	\$	9,040,321

Infrastructure	Construction in Progress	Total
\$	\$	\$ 9,092,907
		219,558
		56,901
		156,717
		488,745
		505,364
		205,263
		470,558
		337,180
		740,139
		266,353
		978,795
		1,184,783
		2,490,493
		278,548
		183,074
		197,226
	19,653	5,573,363
		608,035
17,204,467	1,699,266	22,372,355
2,218,879		7,993,554
	12,000	31,571
23,888	222,136	3,807,813
		1,384,004
		82,402
		75,578
		448,149
		392,874
		143,950
\$ 19,447,234	\$ 1,953,055	\$ 60,766,252

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Capital			Capital
	Assets	4 3 34.4		Assets
Function and Activity	July 1, 2003	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2004
General Government	.			.
Council and management	\$ 9,005,104	\$ 87,803		\$ 9,092,907
City secretary	200,881	18,677		219,558
Personnel	53,166	3,735		56,901
Legal	145,511	11,206		156,717
Municipal court	470,068	18,677		488,745
Information technology	505,364			505,364
Finance				
Budget and administration	190,321	14,942		205,263
Purchasing and central store	459,352	11,206		470,558
Accounting	318,503	18,677		337,180
Police				
Police administration	724,994	15,145		740,139
Animal control	266,272	81		266,353
Support services	945,127	33,668		978,795
Criminal investigations	1,141,563	54,955	(11,735)	1,184,783
Patrol	2,367,066	185,361	(61,934)	2,490,493
Fire	, ,	,	(, ,	, ,
Fire administration	256,868	21,680		278,548
Fire prevention	175,584	7,490		183,074
Fire training	193,457	3,769		197,226
Fire operations	5,482,485	121,160	(30,282)	5,573,363
Public Works	2,102,100	121,100	(50,202)	0,070,000
Engineering	593,924	56,383	(42,272)	608,035
Fleet	15,836	15,735	(12,272)	31,571
Streets, drainage, and traffic control	20,991,538	1,749,378	(368,561)	22,372,355
Wastewater treatment plant	7,484,059	509,495	(500,501)	7,993,554
Parks and Recreation	7,404,037	307,473		1,773,334
Parks	3,570,728	255,673	(18,588)	3,807,813
Recreation	1,368,971	15,033	(10,300)	1,384,004
Building maintenance	76,168	17,291	(11,057)	82,402
Media relations	75,579	17,291	(11,037)	75,579
Planning	13,319			13,319
Planning	436,927	11,222		448,149
Inspection	399,246	29,670	(36,042)	,
Code enforcement	399,246 132,724		(30,042)	392,874 143,949
		\$ 2,200,227	¢ (500 471)	
Total	\$ 58,047,386	\$ 3,299,337	\$ (580,471)	\$ 60,766,252



GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		neral nment]	Finance	<u>Pu</u>	blic Safety_	Pu	blic Works
1995	\$	902,048	\$	1,242,795	\$	5,654,035	\$	1,896,931
1996		864,417		947,928		5,939,356		1,868,811
1997	1,	,262,649		1,025,624		6,246,567		1,829,699
1998	1,	813,790		1,125,829		6,983,610		2,237,856
1999	1,	,182,674		1,204,660		7,790,287		2,309,546
2000	1,	,949,751		1,056,609		8,290,634		2,457,745
2001	1,	,503,320		1,251,390		8,712,353		2,631,137
2002	1,	,704,893		1,351,031		9,167,933		2,599,729
2003	2,	,054,106		1,589,658		10,237,742		2,976,108
2004	2,	,133,333		1,671,809		11,185,766		2,864,517

^{(1) -} Includes general governmental expenditures of the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

Parks and Recreation	Pl	anning	De	ebt Service	Total		
\$ 1,118,703	\$	685,411	\$	2,268,669	\$ 13,768,592		
1,149,362		789,758		2,276,396	13,836,028		
1,217,933		753,502		3,214,265	15,550,239		
1,381,150		804,997		3,699,773	18,047,005		
1,409,911		922,981		3,596,626	18,416,685		
1,506,110		1,154,262		3,622,726	20,037,837		
1,719,726		1,147,454		3,657,480	20,622,860		
1,892,684		1,300,507		4,117,504	22,134,281		
1,976,280		1,454,342		3,972,101	24,260,337		
1,961,973		1,687,354		4,121,969	25,626,721		

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Property Taxes and Penalties		Other Licenses Taxes (2) and Permits				Fines and Forfeitures		
1995	\$	8,253,132	\$	1,553,546	\$	748,349	\$	391,245	
1996		8,713,300		1,553,189		999,510		499,969	
1997		9,256,022		1,863,833		939,054		531,291	
1998		9,966,073		2,180,223		1,310,359		478,302	
1999		10,514,194		2,392,470		1,341,316		509,227	
2000		11,292,480		2,502,757		1,500,776		541,151	
2001		12,122,941		2,738,237		1,438,534		602,888	
2002		12,929,001		3,665,426		1,755,126		589,510	
2003		14,191,217		3,665,575		2,450,898		714,046	
2004		15,753,716		3,875,756		2,374,827		836,621	

^{(1) -} Includes general governmental revenues of the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

^{(2) -} Primarily sales tax.

^{(3) -} Includes a \$600,315 reimbursement from Houston Metropolitan Transit Authority.

	5 1.		iter-	0.4	
J	Franchise	_	nmental	Other	
	Fees	Rev	enues	Revenues	 Total
\$	2,002,874	\$	61,838	\$ 723,189	\$ 13,734,173
	1,725,850		133,809	743,121	14,368,748
	1,926,079		726,892 (3)	696,875	15,940,046
	1,949,579		36,067	980,870	16,901,473
	2,297,422		82,694	936,280	18,073,603
	2,330,528		130,495	1,282,404	19,580,591
	2,680,008		155,714	1,007,773	20,746,095
	2,735,772		139,290	985,500	22,799,625
	2,507,228		186,998	1,114,782	24,830,744
	2,673,264		192,525	1,186,697	26,893,406

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Tax Levy (2)		urrent Tax	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections		
1995	\$	8,197,261	\$ 8,069,849	98.45%	\$	131,397	
1996		8,572,213	8,448,569	98.56%		95,766	
1997		9,234,642	9,055,914	98.06%		106,259	
1998		9,871,804	9,688,736	98.15%		149,099	
1999		10,490,172	10,178,073	97.02%		161,462	
2000		11,187,291	10,835,259	96.85%		261,625	
2001		11,896,332	11,477,958	96.48%		381,388	
2002		12,755,356	12,204,578	95.68%		357,542	
2003		13,576,934	12,992,334	95.69%		467,520	
2004		15,568,634	14,955,664	96.06%		609,027	

^{(1) -} A property tax system was initiated in the 1970-71 fiscal year. Taxes are levied in August/September (or as soon thereafter as practicable) and become delinquent on February 1 of each year. The City, in accordance with Section 33.07 of the Texas Property Tax Law Annotated 1982, imposes an additional penalty of 15% beginning July 1 to defray cost of collection.

Source - City Tax Department.

^{(2) -} The total tax levy has been adjusted to reflect additions to and deletions from the tax roll for prior years and write offs of delinquent personal property over 10 years and real property over 20 years.

		Percent of			Percent of					
		Total Tax	Oı	utstanding	g Delinquent					
T	Total Tax	Collections to	D	elinquent	Taxes to					
\mathbf{C}	ollections	Total Tax Levy		Taxes	Total Tax Levy					
\$	8,201,246	100.05%	\$	261,577	3.19%					
	8,544,335	99.67%		293,223	3.42%					
	9,162,173	99.22%		362,666	3.93%					
	9,837,835	99.66%		396,607	4.02%					
	10,339,535	98.56%		547,244	5.22%					
	11,096,884	99.19%		650,821	5.82%					
	11,859,346	99.69%		650,776	5.47%					
	12,562,120	98.49%		844,013	6.62%					
	13,459,854	99.14%		937,900	6.91%					
	15,564,691	99.97%		1,070,362	6.88%					

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Real Property	Personal Property	Assessed Value (1)	Exemptions Real Property	
1995	\$ 1,551,146,505	\$ 102,037,987	\$ 1,653,184,492	\$	158,982,650
1996	1,608,965,451	108,750,931	1,717,716,382		154,679,100
1997	1,675,450,396	105,148,461	1,780,598,857		156,584,200
1998	1,803,783,776	114,486,024	1,918,269,800		182,181,560
1999	1,946,344,581	111,834,884	2,058,179,465		210,693,205
2000	2,142,976,791	93,491,920	2,236,468,711		203,635,432
2001	2,419,836,816	89,569,395	2,509,406,211		223,347,278
2002	2,651,941,847	98,540,185	2,750,482,032		215,895,016
2003	2,875,699,751	114,723,334	2,990,423,085		228,411,697
2004	3,174,929,491	139,288,902	3,314,218,393		252,973,574

^{(1) -} Assessed valuations are adjusted for exempt property, exemptions and agricultural use, and changes to appraised values during the year.

Source - Fort Bend Central Appraisal District Records.

Table 4

	Ratio of Net	Tax Rates (per \$100 of Assessed Value)								
Net Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value to Total Assessed Value		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Tax Rates					
\$ 1,494,201,842	90.38%	\$	0.39824	\$ 0.15038	\$	0.54862				
1,563,037,282	91.00%		0.39824	0.15038		0.54862				
1,624,014,657	91.21%		0.39824	0.17038		0.56862				
1,736,088,240	90.50%		0.39824	0.17038		0.56862				
1,847,486,260	89.76%		0.38752	0.18038		0.56790				
2,032,833,279	90.89%		0.37280	0.17753		0.55033				
2,286,058,933	91.10%		0.36254	0.15749		0.52003				
2,534,587,016	92.15%		0.36153	0.14172		0.50325				
2,762,011,388	92.36%		0.34974	0.14172		0.49146				
3,061,244,819	92.37%		0.35433	0.15567		0.51000				

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FORT BEND COUNTY

		Ridge MUD		Bend D #26		Bend CID #2		wcreek UD	Quail V	alley UD		r Plant. D#1		Colony D #9		r Plant. D #2
		Over-		Over-		Over-		Over-		Over-		Over-		Over-		Over-
Fiscal	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping	MUD	lapping
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
1995 \$	0.93	3.75 \$	1.57	\$ 4.39 \$	0.19	\$ 3.01 \$	0.52	\$ 3.34 \$	0.35	\$ 3.17 \$	1.15	\$ 3.97 \$	0.71	3.98 \$	1.15	\$ 3.97
1996	0.94	3.73	1.26	4.05	0.19	2.98	0.52	3.31	0.33	3.12	1.15	3.94	0.69	3.89	1.15	3.94
1997	0.94	3.76	1.19	4.01	0.20	3.02	0.52	3.34	0.34	3.16	1.15	3.97	0.69	3.89	1.15	3.97
1998	0.92	3.76	1.12	3.96	0.18	3.02	0.38	3.22	0.31	3.15	1.15	3.99	0.68	3.88	1.15	3.99
1999	0.87	3.74	1.00	3.87	0.17	3.04	0.51	3.38	0.31	3.18	1.13	4.00	0.68	3.88	1.15	4.02
2000	0.79	3.62	0.87	3.70	0.17	3.00	0.51	3.34	0.31	3.14	1.08	3.91	0.68	3.75	1.07	3.90
2001	0.72	3.61	0.79	3.68	0.16	3.05	0.45	3.34	0.29	3.18	0.95	3.84	0.63	3.69	0.92	3.81
2002	0.65	3.47	0.77	3.59	0.16	2.98	0.44	3.26	0.29	3.11	0.88	3.70	0.59	3.63	0.78	3.60
2003	0.55	3.34	0.77	3.56	0.16	2.95	0.42	3.21	0.28	3.07	0.81	3.60	0.44	3.47	0.78	3.57
2004	0.55	3.33	0.77	3.55	0.16	2.94	0.42	3.20	0.28	3.06	0.79	3.57	0.41	3.43	0.68	3.46

HARRIS COUNTY

	WC	County & ID en Road) Over-	Harris	hwest County D#1 Over-		County D#122 Over-			Н	ouston	(3)
Fiscal Year	MUD Rate	lapping Rate	MUD Rate	lapping Rate	MUD Rate	lapping Rate	issouri City	ouston ISD		Comm. College	Harris County
1995 \$		\$ 3.42 \$		\$ 3.53 \$		\$ 4.06	 0.55	 1.38		0.00	\$ 0.63
1996	0.90	3.91	0.99	4.00	1.30	4.31	0.55	1.84		0.00	0.62
1997	0.89	3.49	0.99	3.59	1.45	4.05	0.57	1.38		0.00	0.65
1998	0.89	3.49	0.98	3.58	1.47	4.07	0.57	1.38		0.00	0.65
1999	0.89	3.57	0.97	3.65	1.47	4.15	0.57	1.46		0.00	0.65
2000	0.97	3.63	0.87	3.53	1.40	4.06	0.55	1.46		0.00	0.65
2001	0.90	3.67	0.81	3.58	1.32	4.09	0.52	1.52		0.08	0.65
2002	0.90	3.71	0.79	3.60	1.19	4.00	0.50	1.58		0.08	0.65
2003	0.83	3.63	1.10	3.90	1.15	3.95	0.49	1.58		0.08	0.65
2004	0.78	3.60	1.10	3.92	1.10	3.92	0.51	1.58		0.08	0.65

Note - Property Tax rates based on per \$100 of assessed valuation.

	Bend D #49		Bend D #46		derbird UD		Bend D #42		Bend D #47		Bend D #48		Bend D #115	(2)				
MUD Rate	Over- lapping Rate	First Colony LID	Mo. City	Fort Bend ISD	Fort Bend County	Houston Comm. College												
\$ 1.00	\$ 3.82 \$	1.20	\$ 4.02 \$	0.35	\$ 3.17 \$	1.04	\$ 3.86 \$	1.48	\$ 4.30 \$	1.20	\$ 4.02 \$	0.00	\$ 2.82 \$	0.45 \$	0.55 \$	1.59	0.68 \$	0.00
1.05	3.84	1.20	3.99	0.33	3.12	0.92	3.71	1.44	4.23	1.16	3.95	0.00	2.79	0.38	0.55	1.59	0.65	0.00
1.05	3.87	1.20	4.02	0.33	3.15	0.87	3.69	1.44	4.26	1.22	4.04	0.00	2.82	0.38	0.57	1.61	0.64	0.00
1.05	3.89	1.20	4.04	0.31	3.15	0.81	3.65	1.41	4.25	1.22	4.06	0.00	2.84	0.38	0.57	1.64	0.63	0.00
1.05	3.92	1.20	4.07	0.31	3.18	0.67	3.54	1.43	4.30	1.20	4.07	0.00	2.87	0.38	0.57	1.68	0.62	0.00
0.96	3.79	1.15	3.98	0.29	3.12	0.59	3.42	1.36	4.19	1.14	3.97	0.00	2.83	0.25	0.55	1.66	0.62	0.00
0.89	3.78	1.10	3.99	0.27	3.16	0.53	3.42	1.26	4.15	1.10	3.99	0.97	3.78	0.24	0.52	1.69	0.60	0.08
0.89	3.71	1.05	3.87	0.22	3.04	0.50	3.32	1.25	4.07	1.06	3.88	0.97	3.71	0.22	0.50	1.68	0.56	0.08
0.86	3.65	1.05	3.84	0.22	3.01	0.50	3.29	1.17	3.96	1.00	3.79	0.97	3.68	0.21	0.49	1.68	0.54	0.08
0.84	3.62	1.05	3.83	0.00	2.78	0.48	3.26	1.17	3.95	0.98	3.76	0.97	3.76	0.20	0.51	1.67	0.52	0.08

^{(1) -} Total overlapping tax rate per property is determined by adding county tax rate, school rate, applicable utility district rate, and Missouri City tax rate. Entities created with no tax rates are: Fort Bend County MUD #s 36, 45, 54, 55, 56, 60 and Colony Bay Levy Improvement District. The overlapping rates include direct and overlapping tax rates.

^{(2) -} Serves only First Colony MUD #9.

^{(3) -} Harris County tax rate includes Harris County, Harris County Flood Control District, Port of Houston Authority, Harris County Department of Education, Harris County Hospital District, and Harris County Toll Road District.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

June 30, 2004

	Taxpayer	Type of Business	-	03 Assessed Value of roperty *	Percentage of Assessed Valuation
1.	CenterPoint Energy	Electric Utility	\$	24,006,100	0.78 %
2.	Target Corporation	Retail Center		10,941,500	0.36
3.	Wal-Mart Real Estate	Retail Center		9,703,880	0.32
4.	Frost Ranch Investors	Retail Center		9,672,350	0.32
5.	Colony Lakes Center Ltd	Developer		9,648,550	0.32
6.	Wal-Mart Stores East #2505	Retail Center		8,248,030	0.27
7.	Vicksburg Estates Ltd	Developer		8,072,020	0.26
8.	Home Depot USA	Retail Center		6,892,950	0.23
9.	Texas Cable Partners	Utility		6,177,890	0.20
10.	La Paloma Blanca LC	Retail Center		6,177,890	0.20
				99,541,160	3.25
	Others		2	,961,703,659	96.75
	Total		\$ 3	,061,244,819	100.00 %

Source - Fort Bend Central Appraisal District Records.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

June 30, 2004

As a Home Rule Charter city, the City of Missouri City is not limited by law in the amount of debt it may issue.

Under Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution and the City Charter, the maximum tax rate for all purposes is \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Within this \$2.50 maximum, there is no legal limit upon the amount of taxes which can be levied for debt services.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION LONG-TERM DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended Estimated June 30, Population		Net Assessed Value (in Thousands)		Gross Long-Term Debt (1)		Debt Service Monies Available	
1995	42,498	\$	1,494,202	\$	10,461,732	\$	2,173,995
1996	43,790		1,563,037		18,330,419		2,435,712
1997	45,135		1,624,015		16,640,518		2,141,816
1998	47,005		1,736,088		23,460,343		1,614,072
1999	48,886		1,847,486		28,326,747		1,449,818
2000	50,285		2,032,833		27,037,541		1,578,446
2001	54,170		2,286,059		24,778,796		1,709,161
2002	55,900		2,534,587		30,363,399		1,258,179
2003	57,622		2,762,011		30,910,188		1,356,944
2004	59,478		3,061,245		37,660,000		2,002,045

^{(1) -} Includes all general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and obligations under capital leases at fiscal year end.

Source - Fort Bend Central Appraisal District Records and Census Bureau.

Table 8

Net Long-Term Debt		Lo 1	tio of Net ong-Term Debt to essed Value	Net Long-Term Debt Per Capita		
\$	8,287,737	\$	0.55	\$	195	
	15,894,707		1.02		363	
	14,498,702		0.89		321	
	21,846,271		1.26		465	
	26,876,929		1.45		550	
	25,459,095		1.25		506	
	23,069,635		1.01		426	
	29,105,220		1.15		521	
	29,553,244		1.07		513	
	35,657,955		1.16		600	

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to Total Expenditures
1005	¢ 1.505.517	¢ 742 152	¢ 2200.000	¢ 12.7(9.502	17.40
1995	\$ 1,525,517	\$ 743,152	\$ 2,268,669	\$ 13,768,592	16.48
1996	1,631,313	645,083	2,276,396	13,836,028	16.45
1997	1,885,086	1,329,179	3,214,265	15,550,239	20.67
1998	2,352,177	1,347,596	3,699,773	18,047,005	20.50
1999	2,150,950	1,445,676	3,596,626	18,416,685	19.53
2000	2,115,032	1,507,694	3,622,726	20,037,837	18.08
2001	2,258,746	1,398,734	3,657,480	20,622,860	17.74
2002	2,610,397	1,507,107	4,117,504	22,134,281	18.60
2003	2,453,211	1,518,890	3,972,101	24,260,337	16.37
2004	2,717,982	1,403,988	4,121,970	25,626,721	16.08

⁽¹⁾ - Includes general governmental expenditures of the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2004

				rlapping		
Taving Invisdiction		Gross Debt	Downantago		Amount	
Taxing Jurisdiction	<u> </u>		Percentage 100.00 %	\$	Amount	
Blue Ridge West MUD	Ф	129,888		Ф	129,888	
First Colony Levee Improvement District		3,795,000	32.53 100.00		1,234,514	
First Colony MUD No. 9		23,340,000	12.99		23,340,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 26		214,335,000			27,835,686	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 26		5,825,000	100.00		5,825,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 42		13,840,000	100.00		13,840,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 46		10,600,000	100.00		10,600,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 47		4,675,000	100.00		4,675,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 48		2,450,000	100.00		2,450,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 49		3,365,000	100.00		3,365,000	
Fort Bend County MUD No. 115		9,350,000	100.00		9,350,000	
Fort Bend County WCID No. 2		30,445,000	26.69		8,125,771	
Fort Bend Independent School District		473,966,412	21.52		101,997,572	
Harris County		1,517,241,590	0.15		2,306,207	
Harris County Department of Education		2,250,000	0.15		3,420	
Harris County Flood Control District		71,799,985	0.15		109,136	
Harris County MUD No. 122		4,145,000	100.00		4,145,000	
Harris County Toll Road		724,691,728	0.15		1,101,531	
Harris County WCID (Fondren Road)		4,955,000	100.00		4,955,000	
Houston Community College System		144,155,000	3.89		5,607,630	
Houston Independent School District		1,578,134,428	0.21		3,314,082	
Meadowcreek MUD		680,000	100.00		680,000	
Palmer Plantation MUD #1		9,800,000	100.00		9,800,000	
Palmer Plantation MUD #2		11,115,000	100.00		11,115,000	
Port of Houston Authority		306,245,000	0.15		465,492	
Quail Valley Utility District		1,410,000	100.00		1,410,000	
Sienna Plantation Levee Imp. District		44,630,000	14.63		6,529,369	
Southwest Harris County MUD #1		1,180,000	100.00		1,180,000	
, and the second		Total Ov	erlapping Debt		265,490,298	
City of Missouri City	\$	37,660,000	100.00		37,660,000	
	To	tal Direct and Ov	erlapping Debt	\$	303,150,298	
	Population					
	\$	5,097				

Source: First Southwest Company.

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DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Estimated Population (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Percentage (3)		
1995	42,498	14,495	3.6 %		
1996	43,790	14,975	3.9 %		
1997	45,135	15,718	3.5 %		
1998	47,005	49,194	3.2 %		
1999	48,886	54,710	3.6 %		
2000	50,285	53,078	3.6 %		
2001	54,710	52,319	3.8 %		
2002	55,900	56,700	4.9 %		
2003	57,622	59,374	6.9 %		
2004	59,478	61,665	5.8 %		

^{(1) -} Estimated population from 2000 Bureau of Statistics totals plus new electrical connections (City records) times 3.19 less vacancy rate of 6.3%.

^{(2) -} School enrollment figures were obtained from Fort Bend Independent School District and includes kindergarten through college students.

^{(3) -} Unemployment statistics for the City were obtained from the Texas Workforce Commission, for Fort Bend County Labor Force.

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION, AND BANK DEPOSITS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Property Value						
Fiscal Year	Commercial	Residential	Exemptions	Total (1)	Number of Units	Value		
1995	\$ 274,584,880	\$1,276,561,625	\$ 158,982,650	\$1,392,163,855	14	\$ 4,235,006		
1996	306,465,330	1,302,500,121	154,679,100	1,454,286,351	22	14,664,179		
1997	317,904,480	1,357,545,916	156,584,200	1,518,866,196	35	32,886,655		
1998	337,579,530	1,466,204,246	182,181,560	1,621,602,216	54	43,128,130		
1999	347,718,720	1,598,625,861	210,693,205	1,735,651,376	37	12,777,250		
2000	421,004,900	1,721,971,891	203,635,432	1,939,341,359	32	23,881,358		
2001	443,187,720	1,976,649,096	223,347,278	2,196,489,538	28	52,539,994		
2002	467,072,270	2,184,869,577	215,895,016	2,436,046,831	31	21,784,293		
2003	509,884,330	2,365,815,421	228,411,697	2,647,288,054	30	32,192,900		
2004	543,484,110	2,631,445,381	252,973,574	2,921,955,917	19	13,012,704		

^{(1) -} Property value total does not include personal property.

Source - Fort Bend Central Appraisal District Records and City Planning Department.

^{(2) -} Other construction includes repairs and additions to both residential and commercial construction.

^{(3) -} Total property value of construction as reported by builders in permit applications.

Table 12

Construction

Residential		Other (2)					Bank		
Number of Units Value		Number of Units Value		Total (3)			Deposits (in Millions)		
474	\$	68,343,583	347	\$	4,131,066	\$	76,709,655	\$	5,338
587		89,536,803	492		11,170,180		115,371,162		5,673
572		77,715,339	375		3,795,351		114,397,345		5,129
1,386		117,787,545	671		29,289,599		190,205,274		127,656
835		128,623,902	816		36,817,601		178,218,753		136,824
658		111,120,499	877		6,796,141		141,797,998		127,231
554		95,739,080	627		12,841,460		161,120,534		156,710
608		114,396,860	1,517		39,309,525		175,490,678		156,710
1,009		177,857,241	226		12,081,067		222,131,208		141,663
819		145,369,568	250		7,548,206		165,930,478		169,613

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

June 30, 2004

Date of incorporation Form of government Area of City Lane miles of street maintained by City Fire Protection:		C	March 12, 1956 Council/Manager 9.7 square miles 606 miles
Number of stations Number of certified personnel Number of fire vehicles (includes 6 fire apparatus-fire Police Protection:	trucks)		4 56 16
Number of stations Number of commissioned officers, not including reserv	ve officers		1 64
Parks: Number of parks Acres			34 934.42
Municipal Bond Rating: Moody's Investors Service, Inc. Standard & Poor's Corporation			A1 A
Population: 1980 Census 1990 Census 2000 Census 2004 Estimate			24,423 36,176 52,913 59,478
County Government Type Schools:		Comr	missioners Court
Elementary In District In Missouri City Junior High Schools In District			37 9 11
In Missouri City <u>Senior High Schools</u>			3
In District In Missouri City Total enrollment (As of 5/27/03)			9 3 61,665
Educational Statistics: Verbal mean score (2002-2003) Math mean score (2002-2003) Area private/parochial schools Area colleges	District 514 537	Texas 493 500	US 507 519 7 16
Health Facilities: In Missouri City In general area Special Purpose Health Care Centers Religious facilities			1 6 4 34

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

June 30, 2004

	1990	2000
	Census	Census
County Demographics:		
Total population	225,421	354,452
Total housing units	77,075	115,991
Total occupied households	70,424	110,915
Average household size	3.14	3.14
Median household income	42,809	55,164
Population by race:		
White	121,245	202,038
Spanish surname	43,892	74,789
Black	45,678	70,181
Asian/Pacific Islands	13,978	39,699
American Indian	411	1,063
Other	217	
	2000	Census
	Total	Percent
City Employment Statistics:		1 creent
Industry		
Agriculture	778	2.9%
Construction	1,086	4.0%
Manufacturing	2,853	10.6%
Transportation	1,882	7.0%
Information	793	3.0%
Wholesale trade	1,075	4.0%
Retail trade	2,624	9.8%
Financial/insurance	2,534	9.4%
Recreation/entertainment	1,112	4.1%
Health/education/social services	6,606	24.6%
Other professional	3,365	12.5%
Other services	1,031	3.8%
Public administration	1,115	4.2%
	26,854	100.0%

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

June 30, 2004

	2000 Census	
	Total	Percent
City Employment Statistics: (continued)		
<u>Occupation</u>		
Management, professional, and related	13,213	49.2%
Service	2,427	9.0%
Sales and office	7,704	28.7%
Farming, fishing and forestry	5	0.0%
Construction, extraction and maintenance	1,303	4.9%
Production, transportation and material moving	2,202	8.2%
-	26,854	100.0%

Source of Data - U.S. Census, Missouri City Planning Department's community profile, and other City records.